Statement of Environmental Effects				
l	In Support of a Development Application			
Proposal	<ul> <li>DWELLING – new, on an 8.76ha allotment at Lot 229 DP 754575, No 11 Boykett's Lane, MAIMURU</li> <li>To request a section 4.6 Variation to LEP to accommodate same</li> </ul>			
Subject Land Address	Lot 229 DP 754575			
	11 Boykett's Lane, MAIMURU			
Applicant/Owner	Mr Ken Attenborough			
Appn Prepared By	DA Busters – Development Assistance Services Ph:			
	0466 722 869 Email: Craig@DAbusters.com			
LGA Hilltops Council – former Young Shire Council area				



11 Boykett's back to shed corner

DA assisted by:



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Craig Filmer – 1/91 Boorowa St YOUNG 2594 Ph: 0466 722 869 E: Craig@DAbusters.com

01 November 2023

**Director Planning** 

HILLTOPS Regional Council Locked Bag 5 YOUNG NSW 2594

Att: Manager Planning

Dear Jamie & Andrew,

Re: Dev Appn – New Rural Dwelling – LEP 4.6 Variation 11 BOYKETT'S LN MAIMURU –Mr Ken Attenborough

Please find attached the appropriate application forms for the above, along with all supporting documentation and plans. This document forms the Statement of Environmental Effects demonstrating compliance or giving appropriate justification for performance based assessment under Council's LEP, DCP and Policy Environment.

The land currently does not have a building entitlement as researched through appropriate inquiries of Council and the NSW Planning Portal. It is understood that as of today the deemed concurrence arrangements exist and this application has been prepared based on the Circular from DoPIE in this regard.

A variation is being claimed under clause 4.2A(3)(a) & 5.16(4) of the LEP due to it being the last in a series of blocks created and developed adjacent Young Airport. The land was split to this size in 1970 and each lot so affected has been developed except this allotment. The land is within a locality of adjacent similar sized lot & holding patterns, unique divisive features of the land split by road and airport, and most developed with dwellings. The most productive use of this land is occupied and small farmed (low stocking rate or horses/rural uses). The associated & required Heads of Consideration checklist is completed and appended to the end of this report.

Existing fencing, utility (power), access, shed and amenity are all consistent with the neighbours who have already developed back in more lenient LEP/IDO standards and times, and this proposal is consistent with the locality and land use. The matter is discussed and presented in depth within this report. This application is commended to you for consideration and approval. Whilst Mr Attenborough will be the applicants/primary contacts, should any technical enquiry arise, please forward these to myself, the contact information is in the letterhead above.

K Craig Filmer

B. App Sc (Env Health – Building Surveillance Major)

MAAC; MEHA; BPB-A1 Certifier (LG)

Development & Environmental Health Specialist

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Property address		Lots 229 DP 754575 11 Boykett's Lane, MAIMURU		
Proposed structures or works	colorbond roo	<b>Dwelling</b> – The dwelling will be a 3 bedroom vertical colorbond clad walled, and custom orb colorbond roofed structure, with a strong Living Areas to outside areas connectivity. A large open al fresco area is proposed with a view over the property and vista. The dwelling will be located in the fronter corner overlooking the property.		
	with the inter land and beyo	will have a homestead appeal but be set with the widest aspect across the land, at by design of enjoying the expansive views to the north and east across their and whilst maximising the area available for running some horses or the occasional to enjoy the rural use of the property.		
		Living Areas will be approximately 155 sq.m with a further large carport (28.8 6 sq.m of outdoor verandah/alfresco.		
Nature of use	Rural Dwelling	g		
Particulars	Shown on plans	Description (written details if not clearly shown on plan)		
Building materials (e.g. brick, hardiplank, colorbond, zincalume, etc)	Yes	<b>Dwelling</b> – The dwelling will have walls of lighter tones in vertical colorbond, trimmed with a contrasting colour. The roof will be colorbond corrugated profile in a mid grey.		
Colours	Yes	Colours - The dwelling wall, trim & roof colours under consideration by the clients are as stated below.  Roof = windspray (mid grey) Walls = beige (paperbark) Trim = white (surfmist)		
Demolition	No	Nil demolition to occur		
Earthworks (location, extent and depth of all cut and fill proposed)	Yes	Extent of earthworks –the plans demonstrate a level area on the current fenced front corner behind the current shed, as being the location chosen for the site. This area is characterised as being relatively level and having a wide aspect over the property. The access to the land exists from Boykett's Lane.		
		LOT 229  Proposed dwelling site  view across the lot  existing shed		



Exist Shed – From Adj Corner Of Road & Neighbour Access



View from rear corner – shed on right – neighbour to left of shot

Tree removal (identify location, size and species of tree/s)	No	No tree removal on site nor in position of dwelling – the site is well served by existing trees yet will see more provided once dwelling curtilage established at approval.
Wall and roof height	Yes	<b>Dwelling</b> – When measured from the height of the building pad, the eave height will be 2.7m from floor level, the dominant roof line will be approximately 4.1m above finished ground level. There will be a soffit of slab at approx. 150mm relief to Yard Gully on the drainage.
Gross floor area (m²)	Yes	The roof footprint will be approximately 265.4 sq.m. The house will be founded on a slab, on this level site, leading to minimal cut/fill.
Open space (m²)	N/A	Not applicable – The allotment is over 8.7 ha in size. Large open lot
Landscaping	Yes	The applicant will improve the site further on occupation.

Setbacks	from	each
boundary	,	

Yes

North: 198m to side boundary (neighbours).

South: 40m to side boundary (neighbours lot and access)

West: 30m to Boykett;s Lane

East: 249m to rear boundary (Young Airport)

These are all compliant to the DCP for this zone. No wholesale agriculture occurring (more hobbyist) with grazing activities nearby. Dwelling siting is at

least 50m to other side of adjacent roads at closest.



Topographic Map and key features (NSW SIX)



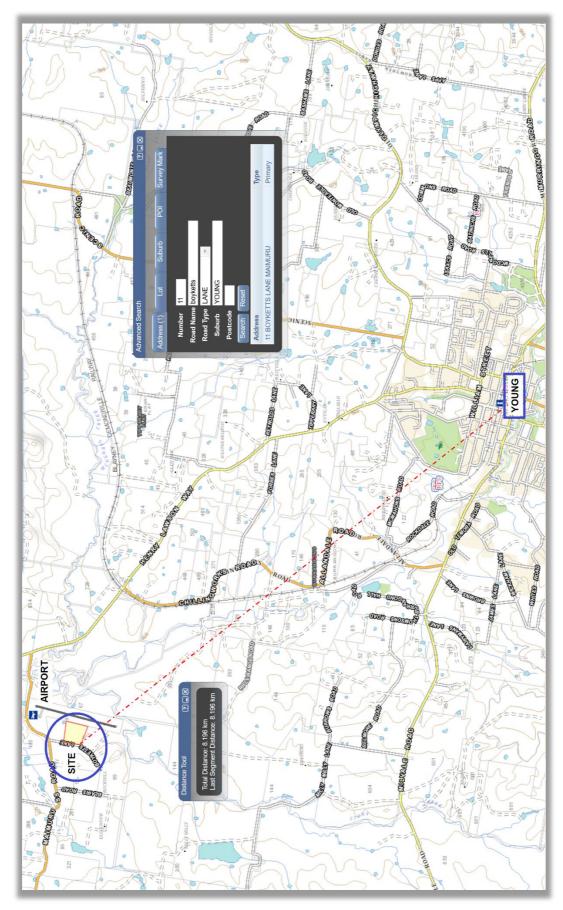
**Neighbourhood Aerial (NSW SIX)** 



**Allotment Aerial NSW SIX** 



Zoom at SE Cnr – Existing shed



Locality Map

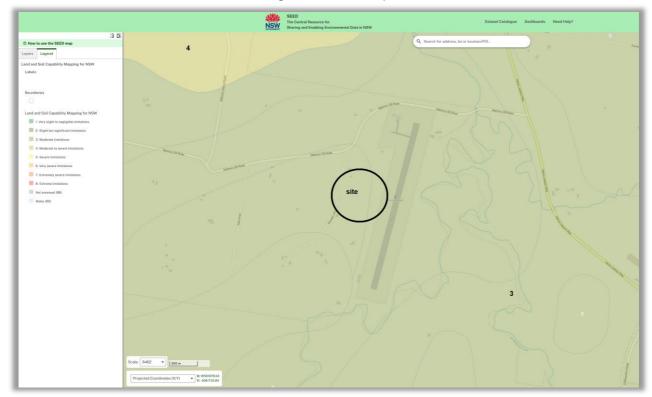
## **B. SITE & LOCALITY DESCRIPTION:**

The following details have been show ☑ site dimensions ☑ site area ☑ existing buildings ☑ pro	rn on the site plan, ☑ north point ☑ scale pposed buildings ☑ easements ☑ BASIX		
Issue	Details		
Present use of the site	The current use of the land is farming (horse agistment & grazing). The land (Lot 229) was subdivided in 1880 approx (re-surveyed and plan reported in 1970) and from that time has been in ownership not always consistent with neighbouring lands.		
Past use/s of the site	The former use of the land was as it is - farming (very occasional grazing and livestock agistment) on this land. No known orcharding occurred in this locality.		
Describe any existing dwellings or built structures on the land	Presently there is a 24 x 9m (approx.) shed and 7500L water tank on the land, built a considerable time ago and is utilised for the agricultural use of the property. It is sited adjacent the front SW corner of the property and effectively screens the proposed building site from the neighbours access.		
Describe the key physical features of the site (e.g. shape, slope, significant trees or vegetation, dams, waterways, drainage lines, etc)	The site is located approximately 8.2km directly NW from the Young Post Office. It is on Boykett's Ln running off Maimuru SS Rd (Jack Masling Drive) some 1.4km in off Henry Lawson Way towards Maimuru. The property is adjacent the now recreationally used Young Airport.  As described the site is relatively level with a very mild grade across from Boykett's Ln to the rear boundary with the Airport. The land has power adjacent, Boykett's Ln to the west and is fenced and secured. Reticulated water & sewage are not available to this locality.		
	fenced and secured. Reticulated water & sewage are not		

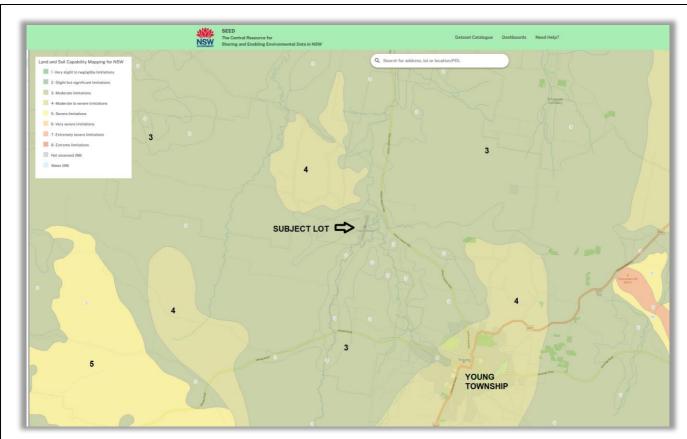
approximately. The land is pasture grassed and suitable for its present use of spelling and working horses.

The land based SEED agricultural soils mapping was searched and the broader locality was found to have Type 3 soils, however complicated by surrounding and subject small lot holdings, adjacent rural residential uses and the adjoining airport & road as complications do exist.

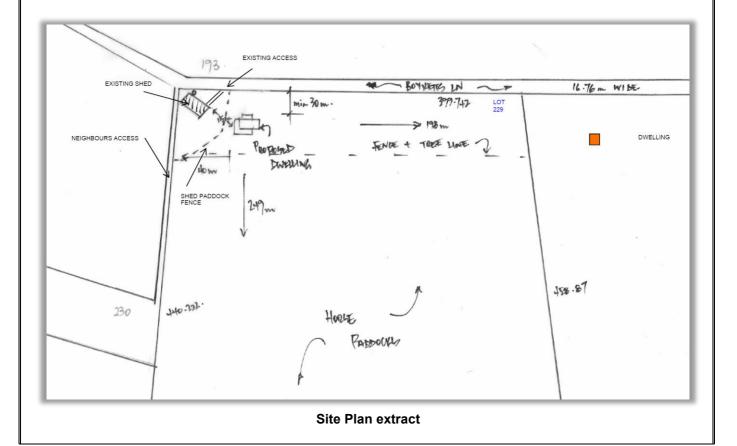
## **Ag Class Soils Map**



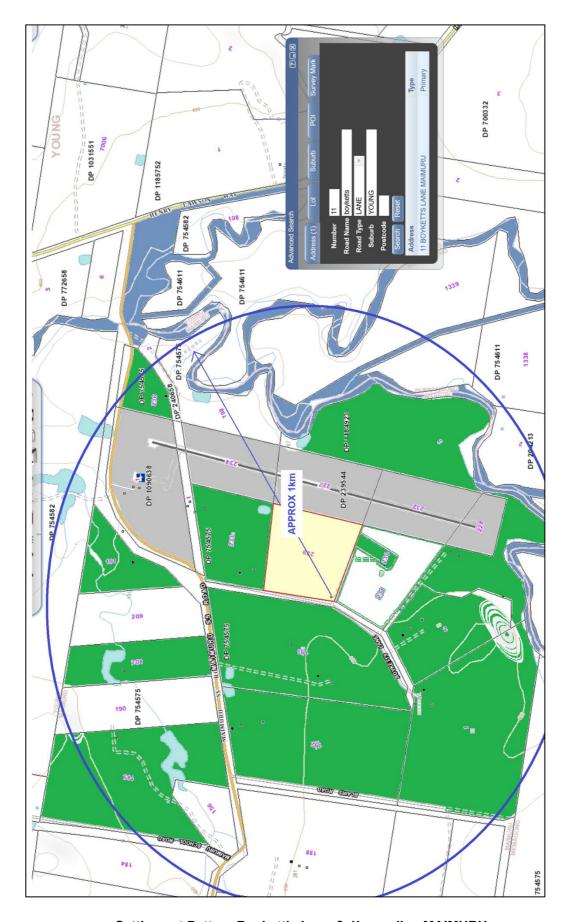
Espade v2.2 SEED Ag & Soil Mapping
Class 3 at site yet small lot and neighbouring infrastructure issues



**WIDER SEED MAP** 



Is the land classified as bushfire prone?	No – This has been reviewed at the RFS web page utilising the search tool.
Locality characteristics  Describe the type and nature of adjacent land uses,  •	Whilst the predominant land use in the area is rural (quite a number of smaller holdings also with residences), there is a surprisingly high number of dwelling houses in close proximity to the subject site, all pursuing rural activities of varying scales (rural feel through to cropping, grazing, horses, greyhounds, horticulture etc) with > 20 dwellings within 750m to 1km of this rural residential styled allotment.
	The Town zoned land of Young is only some 7-8km away, however the lot is within the former Soldiers Settlement area of Maimuru, in and around the Airport and not too distant historical featured horticultural lands.
	Boykett's Lane is particularly curious as it has dwellings on the small lots either side of this property from the not too distant path, where they each inherited successive rights preceding the 2010 LEP. The provision of this dwelling just completes an already settled rural residential area ensconsed by the Airport, Boykett's Lane and Maimuru SS Rd as well as the nearby Creek. This dwelling is not out of character to this area.
	A settlement pattern aerial image is now included below with features labelled.
	These are replicated in a an appendix which includes detailed analysis of all, part and then statistical breakdowns of these features.



Settlement Pattern Boykett's Lane & 1km radius MAIMURU Light yellow = subject lot

Green = land with a dwelling

## LEP MATTERS FOR CONSIDERATION

Clause	Complies	Comments
1.2 Aims of plan	Yes	The development is consistent with the following aims of the LEP:
		<ul> <li>(b) to provide for the lifestyles sought by current and future residents of Hilltops, including by providing for the following— <ul> <li>(i) the rural lifestyle and liveability of Hilltops communities,</li> <li>(ii) connected, safe and accessible communities,</li> <li>(iii) diverse and affordable housing options,</li> <li>(iv) timely and efficient provision of infrastructure,</li> <li>(v) sustainable building design and energy efficiency,</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>(c) to build and sustain healthy, diverse and empowered communities that actively participate in planning and managing their future, including by providing for the following— <ul> <li>(i) social infrastructure that is appropriately planned and located in response to demand and demographic change,</li> <li>(ii) the protection and enhancement of cultural heritage values,</li> <li>(iii) land management practices that support sustainable outcomes, including water efficiency,</li> <li>(iv) the siting and arrangement of land uses for development in response to climate change,</li> <li>(v) the planning of development to manage emissions,</li> <li>(vi) planning decisions that recognise the basic needs and expectations of diverse community members,</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
		(e) to recognise and sustain the diverse natural environment and natural resources that support the liveability and economic productivity of Hilltops, including by providing for the following—  (i) the avoidance of further development in areas with a high exposure to natural hazards,  (ii) the minimisation of alterations to natural systems, including natural flow regimes and floodplain connectivity, through effective management of riparian environments,  (iii) the retention and protection of remnant vegetation,  (iv) the revegetation of endemic vegetation to sustain natural resource values, reduce the impact of invasive weeds and increase biodiversity,  (v) buffers and setbacks to minimise the impact of conflicting land uses and environmental values, including potential impacts on noise, water, biosecurity and air quality,  (vi) the management of water on a sustainable and total water cycle basis to provide sufficient quantity and quality of water for consumption, while protecting biodiversity and the health of ecosystems
		The remainder of the aims are not relevant to this proposal, or are not impacted by the proposal.
1.4 Definitions	N/A	The proposed development is defined as a <b>dwelling house</b> which means, a building containing only one dwelling.
1.9A Suspension of covenants, etc	Yes	No restrictions as to user / covenants apply to the site.

Clause	Complies	Comments	
2.2 Zoning	N/A	The site is zoned RU1 – Primary Production	
	,	,	
2.3 Zone objectives and land use table	Yes	The development is permitted with consent, in accordance with the land use table, and it is consistent with the objectives of the zone as stated below;	
		<ul> <li>To encourage sustainable primary industry production by maintaining and enhancing the natural resource base. Consistent - Ability to pasture improve and agist stock remains - 8.76 ha</li> <li>To encourage diversity in primary industry enterprises and systems appropriate for the area. Not Inconsistent - ability remains regardless</li> <li>To minimise the fragmentation and alienation of resource lands. Land is already fragmented, in separate titles and uniquely bound on 2 sides by road and airport</li> <li>To minimise conflict between land uses within this zone and land uses within adjoining zones. Consistent - land surrounding is in RU1 zone and this proposal will not impact due to topography, soil, slope, rocks, roads, landform and infrastructure bounding</li> <li>To encourage competitive rural production and associated economic development by maintaining and enhancing — Not inconsistent</li> <li>(a) local and regional transport and communications connectivity, and</li> <li>(b) accessibility to national and global supply chains.</li> <li>To maintain areas of high conservation value vegetation. Consistent - no impact</li> <li>To encourage development that is in accordance with sound</li> </ul>	
		management and land capability practices, and that takes into account the natural resources of the locality. <i>Consistent – location and siting allows limited ag use of land yet possible</i> • To protect and enhance the water quality of receiving watercourses and groundwater systems and to reduce land degradation. <i>Consistent – no impact</i> • To encourage the development of non-agricultural land uses that are compatible with the character of the zone and sustain high quality rural amenity. <i>Consistent – intent of this application</i>	
2.7 Demolition	N/A	No demolition proposed.	
2.8 Temporary use of land	N/A	The application is not for the temporary use of land.	
4.1 Min Subdiv Lot Size	Complies	Per mapping below, minimum lot size in zone is 24ha and a 4.6 variation is being requested to vary this in this case.	
4.1A Dual Occupancy Lot sizes	Complies	n/a	
4.2A Dwellings in RU1, RU4 & C3	Lot sizes	Proposed dwelling on 8.76ha vs 24ha standard – sec 4.6 justification included in this report	
4.6 Exceptions to development standards	N/A	Development permissible so no variation sought	
5.10 Heritage Conservation	N/A	The allotment, its buildings, nor Adjacent land nor buildings in locality listed as Heritage nor in a HCA	
5.16 Subdivision of, or dwellings on, land in certain rural, resid or environment protection zones	N/A	Proposed dwelling on 8.76ha vs 24ha standard – sec 4.6 justification included in this report	

Clause	Complies	Comments	
6.1 Earthworks	OK	No gross earthworks – minor levelling in and around a saddle between rock outcrops is the proposal.	
6.2 Essential Services	Complies	Development consent must not be granted to development unless the consent authority is satisfied the following services that are essential for the development are available or that adequate arrangements have been made to make them available when required—  (a) the supply of water, <i>Water per BASIX</i> .  (b) the supply of electricity, <i>available at west of site</i> (c) the disposal and management of sewage, <i>OSM</i> (d) stormwater drainage or on-site conservation, <i>disposal on site and away from effluent area as overflow after BASIX tank</i> (e) suitable road access <i>exists – Boykett's Ln access</i>	
6.3 Terrestrial Biodiversity	N/A	Not mapped as affected this lot	
6.4 Water - Riparian	N/A	Not mapped as affected this lot	
6.5 Water – Groundwater Vulnerability	N/A	Not mapped as affected this lot	
6.6 Salinity	N/A	Not mapped as affected	
6.7 Highly Erodible Soils	N/A	Not mapped as affected	
6.8 Drinking Water Catchments	N/A	N/A	
6.9 Development along Lachlan & Boorowa Rivers & Lake Wyangla	N/A	N/A	
6.10 Development on Carinya Estate	N/A	N/A	
6.11 DCP for Urban Release Areas	N/A	N/A	

Young Development Control Plan –.			
Performance outcome	Control	Complies	Comment
PR1 Dwelling sites are identified and are provided with safe connection to the public road network	<b>AR1</b> Access complies with the provisions of this DCP relating to access to rural properties and RTA requirements.	☐ Yes	Ability for access from Boykett's Lane.
PR2(A) Visual and amenity impacts (including glare) on neighbours and the rural	AR2.1 Minimum setback to road / street boundary (30 metres – RU1 and E3 zone - 20 metres – RU4 zone )	□ Yes	Complies at proposed 30m to Boykett's Lane- see site plan
landscape are minimised	AR2.2 Minimum setback to side or rear boundary  ■ 20 metres – RU1 and E3 zone ■ 10 metres – RU4 zone	☐ Yes	See setbacks outlined earlier –  40m to nearest side boundary others are much larger
	AR2.3 Minimum setback from ridge – 50 metres	☐ Yes	Ton flatter lands - complies
	AR2.5 Construction materials should minimise glare to roads or nearby dwellings	☐ Yes	The dwelling is of mid hue tones being mixed tan bricks and a light to mid grey roof.
	AR2.6 Dwellings have a residential appearance from the street or road.	☐ Yes	The proposed will not be directly visible from the busier road network as it is up a Country Lane.
PR2(B) Development does not adversely affect the environment or agricultural pursuits on the subject or neighbouring land	<ul> <li>AR2.4 Minimum setback from following land uses:</li> <li>200 metres (cropping land, greenhouses)</li> <li>150 metres (orchard or vineyard on neighbouring property, sheep and cattle yards)</li> <li>75 metres (orchard or vineyard on subject property)</li> <li>■ 50 metres (grazing land)</li> </ul>	Yes	See setbacks outlined earlier –  At least 50m from any nearby grazing as highest landuse practised adjacent
PR3 Adequate area exists for on-site waste disposal	AR3 The collection and disposal system is designed in accordance with Council Policy 31 (Wastewater Management in Unsewered Areas)	□ Yes	The site at over 8.7 ha and easily complies with the NSW Guidelines and effluent management can be easily designed on site. The effluent disposal area will need to be on land away from the dwelling per the Council OSM Policy.

PR4 Dwellings are supplied with potable water and water for fire-fighting	AR4.2 Total water storage on-site shall be the greater of the following:  BASIX requirement + 20,000 L, or  1 bedroom home - 34,000 L bedroom home - 43,000 L bedroom home - 52,000 L bedroom home - 61,000 L bedroom home - 70,000 L	☐ Yes	See BASIX report and Site Plan– Applicant proposes a total 100,000 L Water Tank which caters for policy of ,min 52kL with 20kL ++ fire fighting reserve.
PR5 Land is safe and suitable for a dwelling	AR5 Is the site a former orchard?	□ No	No research can verify the past use of this site as orchard. Complies
PR6 Residential development is designed to reflect vehicle and occupant safety principles	AR6 Dwelling design must comply with one of the deemed to satisfy provisions on section 2.1.5 of the DCP, in order to restrict access to parking areas which are attached or adjacent to dwellings	☐ Yes	Detached from vehicle parking area so N/A no adjacent connecting door

## D. ASSESSMENT OF THE LIKELY IMPACTS OF THE DEVELOPMENT

**Construction** – How will construction noise, rubbish removal and sedimentation and erosion controls be managed during construction?

#### Comments

As the site is well pasture grassed and the impacted area will be at the top of the site and slope, there is a greatly reduced risk of sedimentation and erosion. Notwithstanding this, and due to the minimal depth of cut proposed, sedimentation and erosion measures may need to be put in place to control the exposed area whilst revegetating the land. There is little or no impact risk to watercourses as some 100m-200m of travel would need to occur to the nearest road or site drainage line. Sedimentation and erosion fencing can be employed during building phase.

No construction will occur outside of daylight hours nor on a Sunday or Public Holiday. Setbacks from other dwellings will also assist noise management. All construction rubbish will be contained within a wire fenced area and be removed regularly to the Young Waste Management Station.

Context and setting -	- Will the development be
-----------------------	---------------------------

- visually prominent in the area? □ No the land forms in this area are level and the site is up a country lane. The dwelling when completed and complemented with plantings will be no different to those surrounding the site, softened into the slope by the tree line on perimeter boundaries and the well grassed site.
- out of character with the area? □ No as described earlier, and in depth below, this is within an area of land not far from the Maimuru Settlement area that has a large cluster of smaller holdings and once recognised for its history in another prior LEP. A large number of dwellings on smaller lots/holdings exist and this proposal would not be inconsistent in this locality.
- inconsistent with the streetscape? □ No not directly visible from adjacent public roads due to placement adjacent shed and site being up a country lane
- inconsistent with adjacent land uses? □ No see above comment

#### **Privacy -** Will the development result in any ...

- privacy issues between adjoining properties, as a result of the placement of windows, decks,
  - No as a result of the buildings placement, vegetation to curtilage of land (existing neighbours and the proposed development) and also placement of existing shed,
- acoustic issues between adjoining properties as a result of the placement of outdoor areas,
  - No for the same reasons in previous answer

#### Overshadowing

- Will the development result in the overshadowing of adjoining properties, resulting in an adverse impact?
  - ☐ No there will be no adverse impact on solar access for neighbours.

#### Views

- Will the development result in the loss of views enjoyed from neighbouring properties or nearby properties?
  - ☐ No views will not be lost as a result of this development

## **HILLTOPS LEP 2022**

## **Clause 4.6 Variation Response**

## Claiming an exemption under Clause 4.2A

Appendix 1 Report (Guidelines on "LEP sec 4.6 Variations" NSW DoPE)			
Claiming a section	Claiming a section 4.6 variation		
Proposal	To erect and use a 3 bedroom, rural dwelling on the subject land.		
	Land zoned RU1 – MLS = 24 ha Variance to Clause 4.2A(3)(a) & 5.16(4)		
Address	Lot 229 DP 754575,		
	11 Boykett's Lane, Maimuru		
Applicant/Owner	Mr Ken Attenborough		
Appn Prepared By	Craig Filmer – DA Busters Pty Ltd - 0466 722 869		
LGA	Hilltops Council – former Young Shire Council sector		
LEP Instrument	HILLTPS Local Environmental Plan 2022		
Date	© JAN 2025		



## Application Form to vary a development standard

## Written application providing grounds for variation to development standards

To be submitted together with the development application (refer to EP&A Regulation 2000 Schedule 1 Forms).

1. What is the name of the environmental planning instrument that applies to the land?

Hilltops Local Environnmental Plan 2022

2. What is the zoning of the land?

The land is zoned RU1 – Primary Production

3. What are the objectives of the zone?

The objectives of the zone as set out in the LEP are;

RU1 ZONE - HILLTOPS LEP 2022			
ZONE OBJECTIVE		COMMENTARY	
To encourage sustainable prima production by maintaining and of the natural resource base.	-	tent - Ability to pasture improve and agist horses remains and/or a hay crop in better years	
<ul> <li>To encourage diversity in primal enterprises and systems approp area.</li> </ul>	-	consistent – ability remains regardless	
To minimise the fragmentation alienation of resource lands.		n locality exists as smaller lots and not for broad scale agriculture – already ented	
To minimise conflict between la within this zone and land uses w adjoining zones.	rithin holding due to	tent — land surrounding is in RU1 zone yet is small g rural residential, and this proposal will not impact topography, roads, adjacent infrastructure aints & lot sizes in locality	
To encourage competitive rural enhancing—	production and assoc	iated economic development by maintaining and	
(a) local and regional transpor communications connectiv		on accessible to Young on wider Town fringe — t adjacent	
(b) accessibility to national an supply chains.		plicable yet sited near a classified road yet accessed ocal road	
To maintain areas of high conse value vegetation.		tent as no unique features on site – site is grassed smaller and between smaller occupied lots	
To encourage development that accordance with sound manage land capability practices, and th account the natural resources o locality.	ment and at takes into	tent – location and siting proposed are reasonable	
To protect and enhance the wat receiving watercourses and grou systems and to reduce land deg	ındwater	tent – minimal impact - single dwelling OSM	
To encourage the development agricultural land uses that are consistent with the character of the zone a high quality rural amenity.	ompatible small s	tent – location and siting allows maximum potential scale ag use of land, whilst retaining reasonable ng curtilage	

4. What is the development standard being varied? e.g. FSR, height, lot size

Minimum lot size

Clause 4.2A (3)(a) of the LEP reads as follows;

#### 4.2A Erection of dwelling houses and dual occupancies on land in Zone RU1, RU4 or C3

- (1) The objectives of this clause are as follows—
  - (a) to minimise unplanned rural residential development,
  - (b) to enable the replacement of lawfully erected dwelling houses and dual occupancies in certain rural and conservation zones.
- (2) This clause applies to land in the following zones—
  - (a) Zone RU1 Primary Production,
  - (b) Zone RU4 Primary Production Small Lots,
  - (c) Zone C3 Environmental Management.
- (3) Development consent must not be granted for the erection of a dwelling house or dual occupancy on land in a zone to which this clause applies, and on which no dwelling house has been erected, unless the land—
  - (a) is a lot that is at least the minimum size shown on the Lot Size Map, or
  - (b) is a lot—
    - (i) created before the day on which this Plan commenced, and
    - (ii) on which the erection of a dwelling house or dual occupancy was permissible immediately before that day, or
  - (c) Is a lot—
    - (i) resulting from a subdivision for which development consent was granted before the day on which this Plan commenced, and
    - (ii) on which the erection of a dwelling house or dual occupancy would have been permissible if the plan of subdivision had been registered before that day, or
  - (d) would have been a lot referred to in paragraph (a), (b) or (c) had it not been affected by—
    - (i) a minor realignment of boundaries that did not create an additional lot, or
    - (ii) a subdivision creating or widening a public road or public reserve, or
    - (iii) a consolidation with an adjoining public road or public reserve.
- (4) Development consent may be granted for the erection of a dwelling house on land to which this clause applies if—
  - (a) there is a lawfully erected dwelling house on the land, and
  - (b) the dwelling house to be erected is intended only to replace the existing dwelling house.

In essence, the land is required to be a minimum of 24 ha in order to gain the ability for a dwelling to be erected. The land in question is 8.76 ha by area from the Crown Plans (21 acres 2 rood 23 perches total, converted to metric).

5. Under what clause is the development standard listed in the environmental planning instrument?

Clause 4.2A(3)(a) as reproduced above

- 6. What are the objectives of the development standard?
  - (a) to minimise unplanned rural residential development,
  - (b) to enable the replacement of lawfully erected dwelling houses and dual occupancies in certain rural and conservation zones.

These provisions are addressed more specifically below

7. What is the numeric value of the development standard in the environmental planning instrument?

24 ha

- 8. What is proposed numeric value of the development standard in your development application?8.76 ha (from 1880 Crown Plan reproduced for registration at 1970 at 22 acres 1 rood 10 perches)
- 9. What is the percentage variation (between your proposal and the environmental planning instrument)?

  The holding is approximately 36.5% of the required holding size. This represents an 63.5% variation.
- 10. How is strict compliance with the development standard unreasonable or unnecessary in this particular case?
  - The settlement pattern adjacent would see 1 last dwelling (being a rural type dwelling and associated rural/ag land use still available to the lot) to the existing allotment, for the purpose, and not be out of keeping with this area or the wider area within an arc of 1km radius of the site around Boykett's Lane. Additionally, Boykett's Lane has been settled on smaller lots and this would be one of the last to be settled as a rural residential area. The area is developed rural residential in this immediate vicinity and appears planned so negates the development standard.
  - The minimum lot size on the LEP LSZ mapping is founded on preventing further subdivision (or fragmentation) of viable holdings, and makes no account for smaller holdings within an established settlement pattern or unique properties unable to be broad acre farmed. No change in agronomy, geology or geography in this vicinity has occurred to mean that a variance like this, would be inconsistent;
  - The present allotment is consistent with the surrounding similar zoned (and sized) lands in a pocket of properties in this locality adjacent Boykett's Lane and Blairs Lane (off Maimuru SS Rd) and adjacent the airport, which have been tagged as for speciasl statistical analysis in this microcosm in some of the attached statistical analyses. The amenity of this area has already been defined by the development pattern (rural residential of 0.9 10ha range) and this application would seek to compliment this background setting and dwelling density in this area.
  - The land is Ag Class 3 Lands from the SEED mapping, YET is heavily impacted by size, surrounding smaller land uses, infrastructure (roads & airport) whereby this classification states moderate to severe limitations on farming. This use would potentially be the highest pragmatic use (occupied smaller scale agistment and pasture improvement agriculture) as neighbouring landholders are rural residential in nature and another lot neither helps nor hinders potential for any greater use.
- 11. How would strict compliance hinder the attainment of the objects specified in Section 5(a)(i) and (ii) of the Act.

## Minimise unplanned rural residential development

It is re-stated, Boykett's Lane is already, and has developed asrural residential Country Lane. It cannot minimise the chance of its use as rural residential land if all lots around the subject lot are used as this use. The owner pursues horse agistment and keeping/training from the lot yet would be far better served occupying the premises such is the nature of raising and keeping horses with daily feed, clean and health.

As this immediate locality is defined by occupied smaller lot sizes, this development would be in keeping with same and create no conflict.

In accordance with clause 5.16(4) of the LEP, it is further offered that;

The following matters are to be taken into account—

(a) the existing uses and approved uses of land in the vicinity of the development, - adjacent allotments in Boykett's Lane are occupied and are on an average of 6.88 ha (Lots 2, 230, 229, 233) whilst in wider Boykett's and Blairs Lane area are occupied on an average of 13.46ha. These are well below the minimum

lot size and occupied with dwellings. The proposed development is consistent with immediately adjacent land uses in this Lane.

- (b) whether or not the development is likely to have a significant impact on land uses that, in the opinion of the consent authority, are likely to be preferred and the predominant land uses in the vicinity of the development, as the immediately adjoining uses are all rural residential, their occupancy is low scale rural in nature and as such the current proposal of a dwelling and continuing the agistment of horses is entirely consistent. The rear infrastructure use (airport) is infrequent in nature and serves recreational or medical uses only. The occupancy of this land neither affects that use or that use does not affect this proposal. The land was acquired in full knowledge of that bounding use.
- (c) whether or not the development is likely to be incompatible with a use referred to in paragraph (a) or (b), it is our contention that the proposal is entirely consistent adjoining land uses in this Lane.
- (d) any measures proposed by the applicant to avoid or minimise any incompatibility referred to in paragraph (c) there is no need to minimise any incompatibility as the use proposed is consistent. The owner has been smart in site planning to allow continuance of the rural use of the property with horses.

## Enable replacement of lawfully erected dwellings.

No known original dwelling on site

12. Is the development standard a performance based control? Give details.

In its strictest sense no, as it is an allotment size more for the wider fringe graduating into the broader RU1 zone among larger holdings in the greater locale further afield. This immediate area was a mix of 5 to 20 ha blocks since before planning instruments in this Shire, forming a patchwork quilt style allotment pattern on the subcatchment that is Maimuru. Maimuru was a Soldiers Settlement area registered and offered post War and was for approx. 10 – 20 ha holdings to practise small scale subsitence farming for returned veterans.

The reasoning behind the development standard is explained above, but it is reiterated that whilst it controls broad acre farms, it makes no allowance for smaller or unique properties where amenity and right to farm characteristics of neighbouring lands, are preserved or not affected.

The anomaly of the Draft Hilltops LEP is reiterated that greater attention to detail on RU4 & RU1 lands around existing settled areas, has not had the attention it requires. Existing former Parish lot sizes, development patterns that have occurred due to existing holdings, infrastructure constraints and smaller lots, poorer soils and microcatchments aligned to peri-urban (including settlement localities like Maimuru) rather than rural objectives, in this case defeat the stated objective at 4.2A and even the RU1 zone goals.

Hilltops Council has resolved to address these lands from its studies yet has not undertaken to do so since gazetting of this LEP.

#### Additional matters to address

As outlined in "Varying Development Standards: A Guide" there are other additional matters that applicants should address when applying to vary a development standard.

13. Would strict compliance with the standard, in your particular case, be unreasonable or unnecessary? Why?

This would continue to leave an unoccupied, small sized and as a result poorer quality agricultural land's block and under used paddock/s adjacent other occupied rural lands, without any reasonable care or

practical use except occasional grazing, but from off-site control. Proliferation of weeds, higher costs in chemical control of weeds, less likelihood to farm on a serious basis, less protection of natural assets and landform features of this land are all problems starting to be experienced now. As stated, an occupied rural allotment is a managed and cared for piece of land.

14. Are there sufficient environmental planning grounds to justify contravening the development standard? Give details.

This is a property that has lost potential rights due to a clause change intended to rectify another matter. This result is unforeseen fallout. This application seeks for this land to have the same rights and entitlements as those in the immediate adjacent proximity and on the country lane to which it exists.

No noticeable difference to adjacent land uses would be obvious by allowing a variation to this land. No impact on neighbouring dwellings or land uses is foreshadowed due to the uniqueness of the circumstances. No impact on serious broad acre farther afield, would occur from allowing this proposal. Allowing this entitlement and dwelling would actually be consistent with existing development in this locality.

In summary and against the actual test of the objectives of clause 4.1A, the following summary is offered;

- (1) The objectives of this clause are as follows—
- (a) to minimise unplanned rural residential development,

This immediate Lane and the 1km Dia pocket it is within is already established rural residential development defined. This is an infill development which is not out of character with the area it is proposed in.

(b) to enable the replacement of lawfully erected dwelling houses in rural and environmental protection zones.

Not applicable -	- not identified c	on Parish Crow	n Plans that o	a dwelling orig	inally existed.

FIG # 1 - ZONING MAP (RU1)

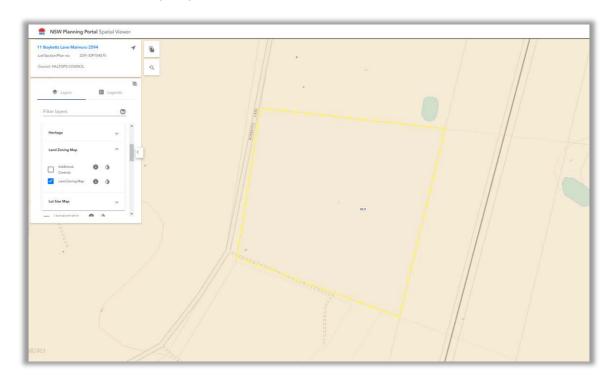


FIG # 2 - Lot Size Mapping (24 ha)

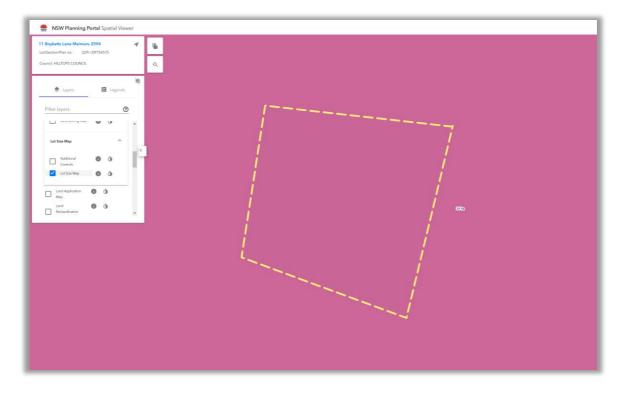
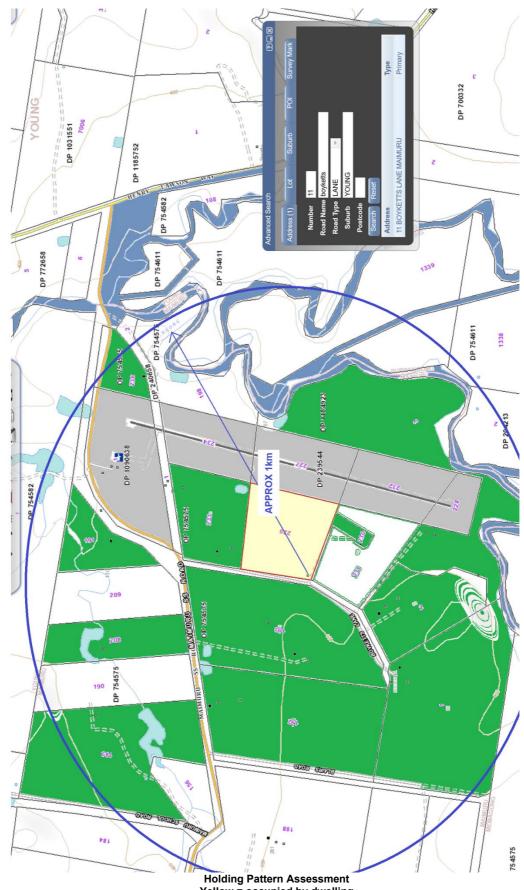


FIG # 3 - AERIAL IMAGE CURRENT NSW SIX(2013)



FIG # 4 - AERIAL IMAGE GOOGLE (2023)





Holding Pattern Assessment
Yellow = occupied by dwelling
See below for calculations (sizes in hectares, green = dwellings)

## Statistical Analysis of Holdings – Maimuru

## Summaries and statistical analysis follows

LOT	DP	SIZE	OCCUPIED / VACANT	OCC STATS	EAST OF BOYKETT'S
236	754575	3.35	OCC	3.35	
191	754575	5.52	OCC	5.52	
209	754575	8.2	VAC		
208	754575	7.43	OCC	7.43	
190	754575	9.43	VAC		
189	754575	21.26	OCC	21.26	
156	754575	3.828	VAC		
192	754575	21.47	OCC	21.47	
193	754575	21.41	OCC	21.41	
1	1184923	24.9	OCC	24.9	
2	1184923	9.51	OCC	9.51	9.51
3	1184923	28.72	OCC	28.72	
230	754575	0.949	OCC	0.949	0.949
231	754575	7.235	VAC	0	
229	754575	8.76	OCC	8.76	8.76
233	754575	8.3	OCC	8.3	8.3
	TOTAL ALL	190.27	TOTAL OCC	161.58	27.519
	AVERAGE ALL	11.892	AVERAGE OCC	13.46	6.87975

Note – tan shaded lots are Boykett's Lane

#### ANALYSES RELATIVE TO RECENT COURT JUDGMENTS AND TESTS ON CL.4.6 MATTERS

That compliance with the development standard is unreasonable or unnecessary in the circumstances of the case, as per the Five Part Test (Wehbe v. Pittwater Council [2007] NSWLEC 827)

(i) The objectives of the standard are achieved notwithstanding non-compliance with the standard

The objectives of the standard are replicated above, and it is considered that the primary standard of "minimising unplanned rural residential development" (the latter objective of replacing a prior house is not relevant) is complied with due to all that remains in this block is rural residential development. Council has over time allowed Boykett's Lane as sandwiched to the Airport, to become rural residential development. As rural residential uses exists, infill of the last remaining lot is therefore not "unplanned".

(ii) The underlying objective or purpose of the standard is not relevant to the development and therefore compliance is unnecessary

The standard is to attempt to preserve or protect farming or agriculture potential. If developed as primary production small lots then this land may better be served as RU4 zone and not RU1 zone because in Boykett's Lane and to a degree nearby Blairs Lane, this is what has been permitted. Small scale occupied agricultural lots exist and this proposal is infill of the same. It can be argued that either the standard is redundant as all around this lot are rural residential, so why should this lot be restrained from doing the same.

(iii) The underlying object or purpose would be defeated or thwarted if compliance was required and therefore compliance is unreasonable

This is again supported by claims above.

(iv) The development standard has been virtually abandoned or destroyed by the Council's own actions in granting consents departing from the standard and hence compliance with the standard is unnecessary and unreasonable

Council via prior LEP's, existing holding provisions and also concessional allotment provisions, allowed dwellings on each of the lots in Boykett's Lane ranging from 0.9ha to 10ha. It is fair to say the development standard in this locality has been abandoned.

(v) The zoning of the particular land is unreasonable or inappropriate so that a development standard appropriate for that zoning is also unreasonable and unnecessary as it applies to the land and compliance with the standard would be unreasonable or unnecessary. That is, the particular parcel of land should not have been included in the particular zone

The Applicant has suggested that the zoning of the land may be inappropriate, although again makes reference to the submitted documents with Hilltops LEP 2022 at resolution, in particular the rural minimum lot sizes submissions and responses paper. This identifies that Council has done the research, yet due to a few other State Level land based attribute studies, believed it did not have the full answer to examine RU1 & RU4 lands in any detail at this 2022 LEP. The stock response in the adopted paper at LEP adoption states;

Council proposes to undertake further investigations into this matter once the State has finalised proposed mapping and policy for agricultural lands utilsing the outcomes from the LSPS document and Rural and Residential Lands Study 2019.

This suggests that whilst maybe the zoning is appropriate, perhaps the minimum lot size is inappropriate. It is also fair to say this may lead one to believe the LEP former status quo is some 30 - 50 year old planning theory still – "ideal farm size"? Maybe the land would be better served as it was in the 1993 EPI being say 1(a2) [now say RU4] and 4-10ha?

# 3(b) That there are sufficient environmental planning grounds to justify contravening the development standard, using the objects of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979, as per *Initial Action Pty Ltd v Woollahra Municipal Council* [2018] NSWLEC 118

The objects of the Act are contained in Section 1.3, and are replicated as follows, and it is considered that the comments provided with respect to each of these objectives, and the information contained in the original Clause 4.6 justification, demonstrates that there are sufficient environmental planning grounds to justify contravening the development standard for this sized allotment.

Objective	Comment
(a) to promote the social and economic welfare of the community and a better environment by the proper management, development and conservation of the State's natural and other resources	The creation of one additional entitlement in the local Boykett's area, which is appropriately serviced (or able to be sufficiently BASIX satisfied) and contains a reasonably designed development that meets all relevant planning controls, will not impact on the social and economic welfare of the community and will not impact on the environment or management of natural resources.
	It will however, have a positive impact on the local community and neighbourhood being equivalent in size and providing a sense of community. Contravening the minimum lot size for a dwelling (yet equivalent or larger than those adjacent), where the impacts of the development are tangible, measurable and if deemed acceptable, is considered reasonable. This is particularly relevant, where alternates (such as no pragmatic use of the allotment), would leave isolated lots of no farming use nor ability for an occupied use.  It may be fair to say that the neighbours in this locality expect
	this lot to gain a dwelling in time.
(b) to facilitate ecologically sustainable development by	The permission of a right for a dwelling will have positive economic, social and environmental outcomes. An orphaned
integrating relevant economic, environmental and social	barely farmed lot would become a weed farm and nuisance to neighbours. An occupied and cared for allotment would

considerations in decision-making about environmental planning and assessment	be better cared for and provide less impact, better sense of community, a higher level use and maintenance of land, and a better rating outcome for Council in an area of similar sized lots in a consistent sense.
(c) to promote the orderly and economic use and development of land	The erection of another dwelling in this setting, utilises existing infrastructure and services which pass by the land anyway, which in itself is considered to promote the orderly and economic use of the land. The design of the dwelling and subtle site placement in upper rear corner, would be consistent with properties adjacent.
(d) to promote the delivery and maintenance of affordable housing	The land having an additional dwelling and habitable permission (where technically it does not at present) aids the delivery of more housing in an area consistently sized for a dwelling, on the fringe of Town. An additional dwelling without subdivision or extraneous costs would be a positive in the dwelling supply pipeline for Young and Maimuru.
(e) to protect the environment, including the conservation of threatened and other species of native animals and plants, ecological communities and their habitats	The land was and still can be used for rural, agistment or small agricultural uses. Occupation by way of a dwelling permission, allows the land to be managed, not allowed to go to weed and be better cared for. Balanced against the sole site input of an OSM system, the ultimate nett gain in better management outweighs this input and is a geographically better outcome to the neighbourhood from an environmental viewpoint.
(f) to promote the sustainable management of built and cultural heritage (including Aboriginal cultural heritage)	The nett increase of dwellings by one (1) at this site (as was always anticipated), does not actively work either for or against this objective, with the impacts of the intended dwelling on European and Aboriginal heritage having been considered in the original SEE. The site was not found to have known cultural significance at the AHIMs search undertaken.
(g) to promote good design and amenity of the built environment	The proposed dwelling is modest and low profile in nature. It is set adjacent the existing shed and sympathetic with the nature of the level site, without cut/fill. The colours are low key and consistent with other housing (existing and proposed) in the locality. The proposal is considerably below any nearby ridge line (to the east) and is set into the land when viewed from afar.
(h) to promote the proper construction and maintenance of buildings, including the protection	The dwelling will be BCA and legislatively compliant. The provision of an approved OSM system will allow the opportunity to amend and correct some installation issues by prior owners to do with the shed. The dwelling and its

of the health and safety of their	related OSM will be a chance to make a compliant site out of
occupants	past potential errors.
(i) to promote the sharing of the responsibility for environmental planning and assessment between the different levels of government in the State	The provision of a dwelling entitlement and approving a dwelling is normally to be referred for concurrence at State level, along with this request at Local Govt level. This now occurs as a deemed concurrence process locally subject to guidelines. It is believed that what is being applied for is locality consistent and does not create issues of Regional Plan concern nor of Local Environmental Plan concern.  Council still has to review and examine how it best deals with the RU4 and RU1 outcomes. This locality of wider Maimuru makes sense to be RU2 or RU4 lands of varying sizes, simply to call it what it already is, and is capable of being on the wider fringe of Town in an historically developed pocket. Were it to continue as RU1 larger lot, this is simply a sterilisys measure. Currently these decisions are in limbo.
(j) to provide increased opportunity for community participation in environmental planning and assessment	The provision of this permission, does not actively work either for or against this objective.

It is considered that the objectives of the Dwelling rights clause at the LEP (sec 4.2A) along with its parent legislation (EP&A Act 1.3) are met or considered reasonable in this case and do not make for concerns at local or regional level. The provision of an additional dwelling house in this locality is locally consistent.

### **Andrew Raines**

From:

Andrew Raines

Sent:

Wednesday, 2 June 2021 1:18 PM

To:

kenattenborough@bigpond.com

Cc:

Bill Vanry

Subject:

Dwelling entitlement search - Lot 229 DP 754575, 11 Boyketts Lane MAIMURU

NSW 2594

**Attachments:** 

DES2021-0006 Dwelling Entitlement Search - 11 Boyketts Lane Maimuru.pdf; NSW

Guide varying-development-standards.pdf

Good afternoon Ken,

Please find attached a copy of Council's letter on your recent dwelling entitlement search application. A hardcopy has been posted from our Young Office.

As recently discussed, a dwelling entitlement may be obtained by way of a Development Application (DA) as detailed in our letter. If you proceed with your subdivision to create two lots for primary production purposes only, this option will not be available.

While Council cannot advise on the outcome of a DA, it is noted the majority of properties along Boyketts Lane are of a similar size to your property and contain dwellings. As part of a DA, you would need to demonstrate why strict compliance with the minimum lot size to erect a dwelling is unreasonable or unnecessary in the circumstances. A town planning consultant would be able to assist you in preparing such documentation for a future DA.

If you would like to discuss your application or a future DA, feel free to contact Council's Duty Planner or myself on 1300 445 586 or by reply email.

Kind regards, Andrew

#### Andrew Raines

Senior Land Use Planner

Locked Bag 5 YOUNG NSW 2594

andrew.raines@hilltops.nsw.gov.au Fax (02) 6384 2535

Boorowa Office – 6-8 Market St BOOROWA Harden Office – 3 East St HARDEN Young Office – 189 Boorowa St YOUNG

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### kenattenborough@bigpond.com

Tue 1/06/2021 11:17 AM

To: Hilltops Mail Andrew Raines, Senior Planner, Hilltops Council.

**Applicant: ATTENBOROUGH** 

## **APPENDIX # 2**

**NSW Planning Portal Report** 



# Property Report

## 11 BOYKETTS LANE MAIMURU 2594



## **Property Details**

Address: 11 BOYKETTS LANE MAIMURU 2594

Lot/Section 229/-/DP754575

/Plan No:

Council: HILLTOPS COUNCIL

## Summary of planning controls

Planning controls held within the Planning Database are summarised below. The property may be affected by additional planning controls not outlined in this report. Please contact your council for more information.

Local Environmental Plans Hilltops Local Environmental Plan 2022 (pub. 23-12-2022)

Land Zoning RU1 - Primary Production: (pub. 23-12-2022)

Height Of Building

Floor Space Ratio

NA

Minimum Lot Size

24 ha

Heritage

NA

Land Reservation Acquisition

Foreshore Building Line

NA

## **Detailed planning information**

## State Environmental Planning Policies which apply to this property

State Environmental Planning Policies can specify planning controls for certain areas and/or types of development. They can also identify the development assessment system that applies and the type of environmental assessment that is required.



# Property Report

## 11 BOYKETTS LANE MAIMURU 2594

- State Environmental Planning Policy (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021: Allowable Clearing Area (pub. 21-10-2022)
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021: Land Application (pub. 2-12-2021)
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008: Land Application (pub. 12-12-2008)
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021: Land Application (pub. 26-11-2021)
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Industry and Employment) 2021: Land Application (pub. 2-12-2021)
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Planning Systems) 2021: Land Application (pub. 2-12-2021)
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Primary Production) 2021: Land Application (pub. 2-12-2021)
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Resilience and Hazards) 2021: Land Application (pub. 2 -12-2021)
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Resources and Energy) 2021: Land Application (pub. 2-12-2021)
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Sustainable Buildings) 2022: Land Application (pub. 29-8-2022)
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021: Land Application (pub. 2-12-2021)

## Other matters affecting the property

Information held in the Planning Database about other matters affecting the property appears below. The property may also be affected by additional planning controls not outlined in this report. Please speak to your council for more information

Land near Electrical Infrastructure This property may be located near electrical infrastructure and

could be subject to requirements listed under ISEPP Clause 45. Please contact Essential Energy for more information.

Local Aboriginal Land Council YOUNG

Regional Plan Boundary South East and Tablelands

Applicant: ATTENBOROUGH

# **APPENDIX #3**

**Crown Plan** 

&

Title





NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: 229/754575

\_\_\_\_\_

EDITION NO DATE SEARCH DATE TIME \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ -----\_\_\_\_ 15/1/2025 9:47 AM 15 9/9/2024

LAND

LOT 229 IN DEPOSITED PLAN 754575

AT YOUNG

LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA HILLTOPS PARISH OF BAXTER COUNTY OF MONTEAGLE (FORMERLY KNOWN AS PORTION 229) TITLE DIAGRAM DP239544

FIRST SCHEDULE \_\_\_\_\_

KEN WILLIAM ATTENBOROUGH

(T AS967201)

SECOND SCHEDULE (2 NOTIFICATIONS)

- LAND EXCLUDES MINERALS AND IS SUBJECT TO RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN FAVOUR OF THE CROWN - SEE MEMORANDUM S700000A
- 2 AS967202 MORTGAGE TO AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND BANKING GROUP LIMITED

NOTATIONS

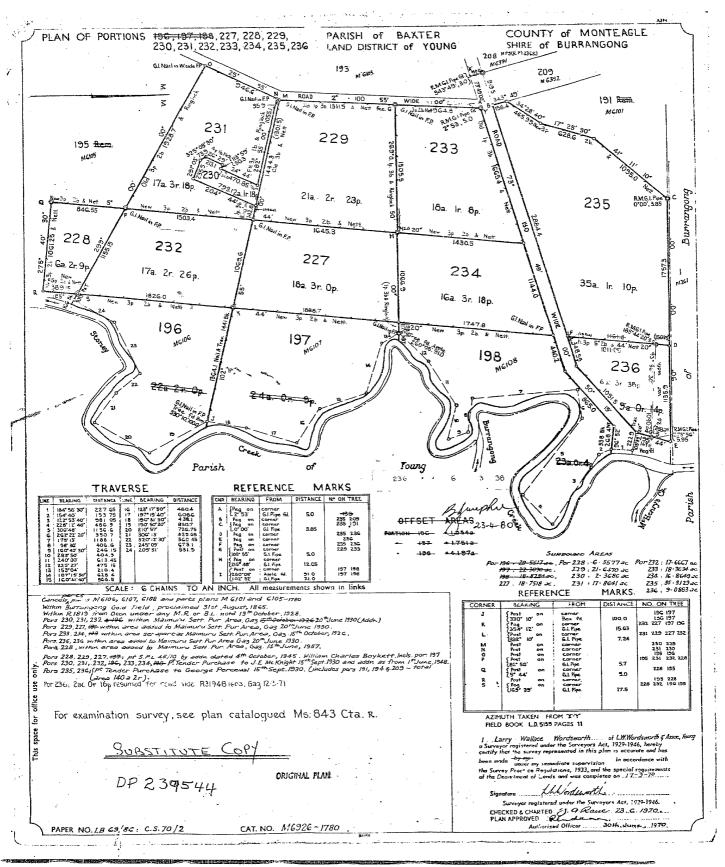
\_\_\_\_\_

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

\*\*\* END OF SEARCH \*\*\*

ATTENBOROUGH...

PRINTED ON 15/1/2025



AMENDMENTS AND/OR ADDITIONS MADE ON PLAN IN THE LAND TITLES OFFICE

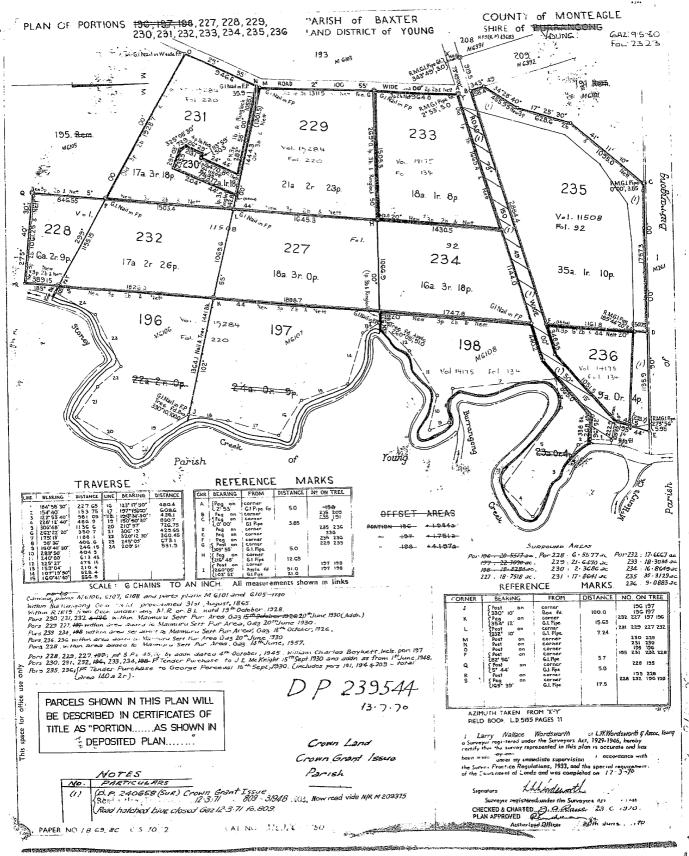
This negative is a photograph made as a permanent record of a document in the custody of the Registrar General this day. 12th MARCH, 1990

10 20 30 40 50 60 70 Table of mm 110 120 130 140









AMENDMENTS AND/OR ADDITIONS MADE ON

10 20 30 40 50 60 70 Table of mm 110 120 130 140

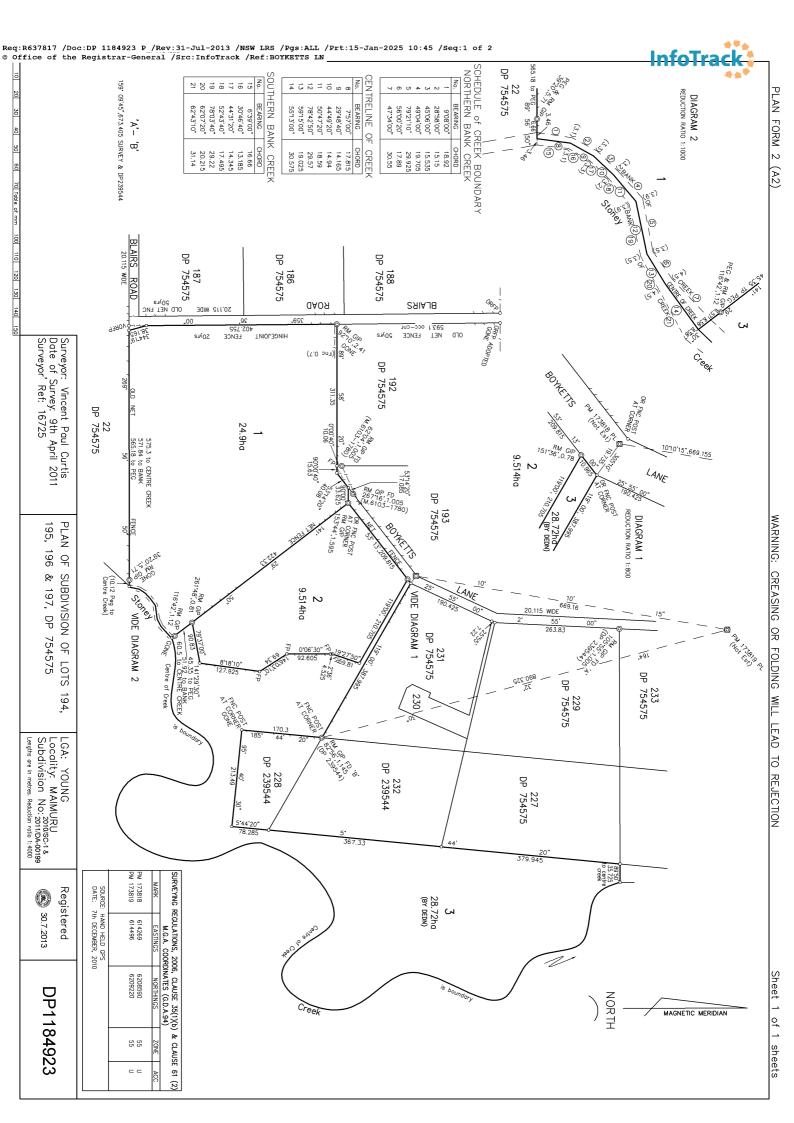
PLAN IN THE LAND TITLES OFFICE

record of a document in the custody of the

Registrar General this day.

This negative is a photograph made as a permanent

12th MARCH, 1990



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PLAN FORM 6

WARNING: Creasing or folding will lead to rejection

### DEPOSITED PLAN ADMINISTRATION SHEET

Sheet 1 of 1 sheet(s)

SIGNATURES, SEALS AND STATEMENTS of intention to dedicate public roads, public reserves and drainage reserves or create easements, restrictions on the use of land and positive covenants

PURSUANT TO SECTION 88B OF THE CONVEYANCING ACT, 1919, IT IS INTENDED TO CREATE:

1. RESTRICTION ON THE USE OF LAND.



DP1184923 S

Office Use Only

Registered:

30.7.2013

Title System: TORRENS Purpose: SUBDIVISION

PLAN OF SUBDIVISION OF LOTS 194, 195, 196 & 197 DP 754575

Hare Reeper

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND BANKING GROUP LIMITED A.C.N. 005 357 522

BY ITS ATTORNEY UNDER POWER OF ATTORNEY BOOK No. 4466 No. 266

ACTINO MANAGER SECURITIES

If space is insufficient use PLAN FORM 6A annexure sheet

Crown Lands NSW/Western Lands Office Approval in approving this plan certify

(Authorised Officer) . that all necessary approvals in regard to the allocation of the land shown herein have been given

Signature:

Subdivision Certificate

I certify that the provisions of s.109J of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 have been satisfied in relation to:

the proposed SUBDIVISION set out herein

(incert 'subdivision' or 'new road')

\* Authorised Person/\*General Manager/\*Accredited Certifier

Consent Authority: YOUNCE SHURE COUNCIL

Date of Endorsement: 3 DECEMBER 2012

Accreditation no:

Subdivision Certificate no: 2010/SC-1 + 201/04-00199

\* Strike through inapplicable parts.

LGA:

YOUNG

Locality:

**MAIMURU** 

Parish:

BAXTER

County:

MONTEAGLE

**Survey Certificate** 

I, Vincent Paul Curtis

of CPC Land Development Consultants Pty Ltd

a surveyor registered under the Surveying and Spatial Information Act 2002, certify that the survey represented in this plan is accurate, has been made in accordance with the Surveying and Spatial Information Regulation 2006 and was completed on: **9th April 2011** 

The survey relates to the whole plan 10+5 1-2-

connections

(specify the land actually surveyed or specify any land shown in the plan that is not the subject of the survey)

Signature Vinent P Curtin Dated: 9-4-11

Surveyor registered under the Surveying and Spatial Information Act 2002

Datum Line: "A" - "B".

Type: Rural

Plans used in the preparation of survey/compilation

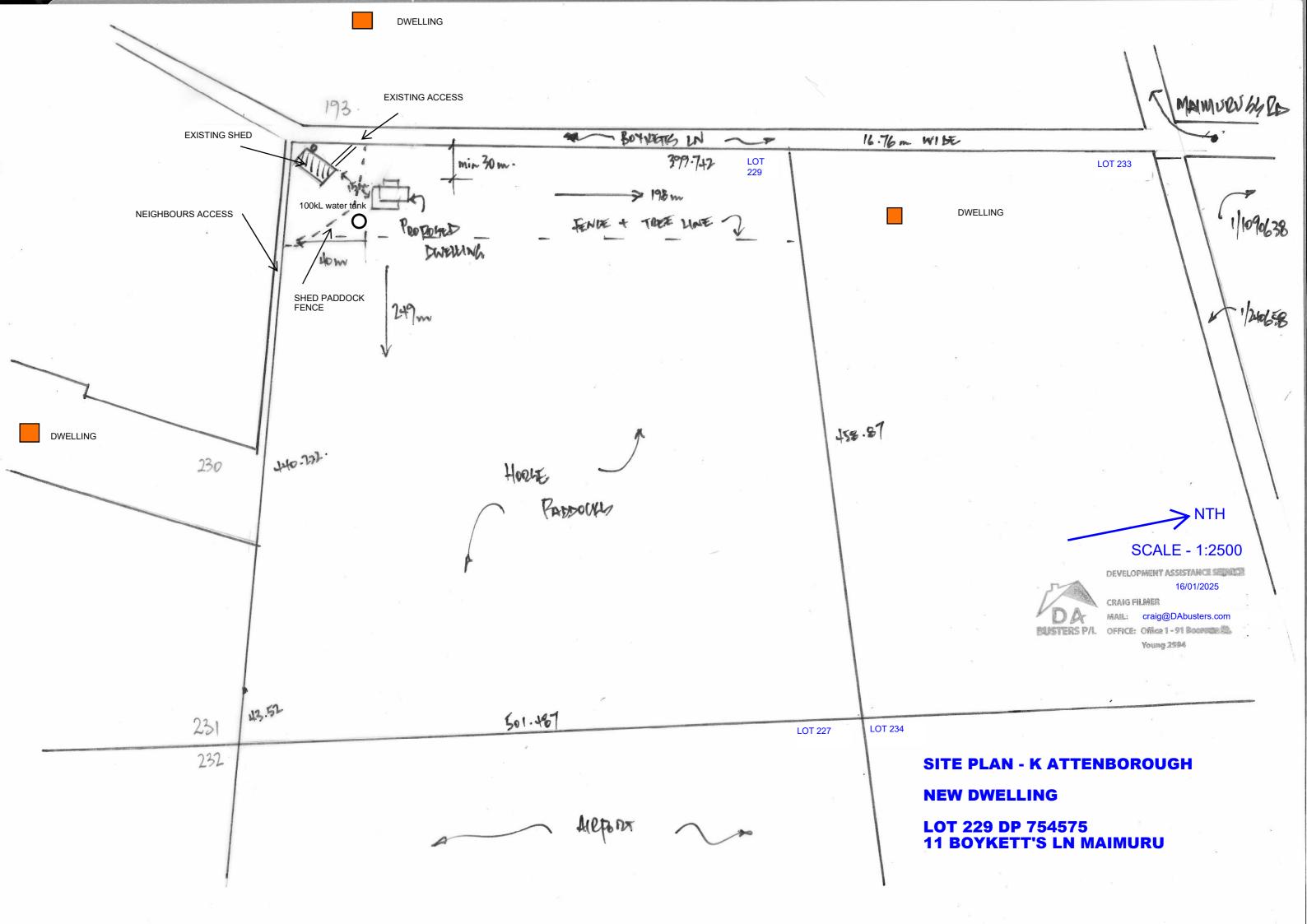
DP 239544 M.6104-1780 M.6105-1780

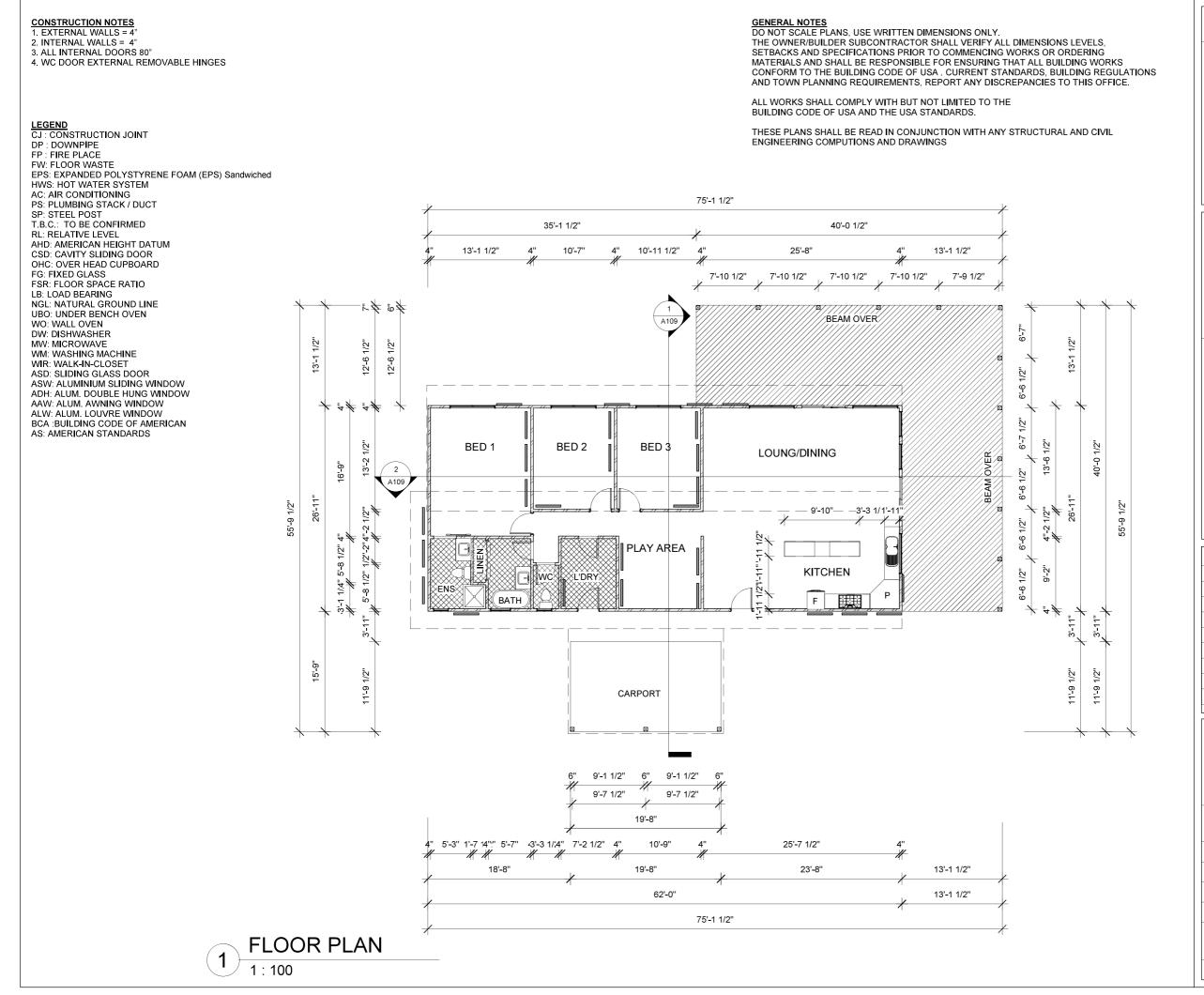
If space is insufficient use PLAN FORM 6A annexure sheet

Surveyor's Reference: 16725

# **APPENDIX #4**

**Development Plans** 





# Owner

# 256KR

AREAS LIVING AREA · 155 0 m² CARPORT AREA: 28.8 m<sup>2</sup> VERANDAH TOTAL AREA 81.6 m<sup>2</sup>

AREAS LIVING AREA

LIVING AREA : 1668 Sq. Feet
CARPORT AREA : 310 Sq. Feet
VERANDAH : 878 Sq. Feet
TOTAL AREA : 2856 Sq. Feet

No.	Description	Date

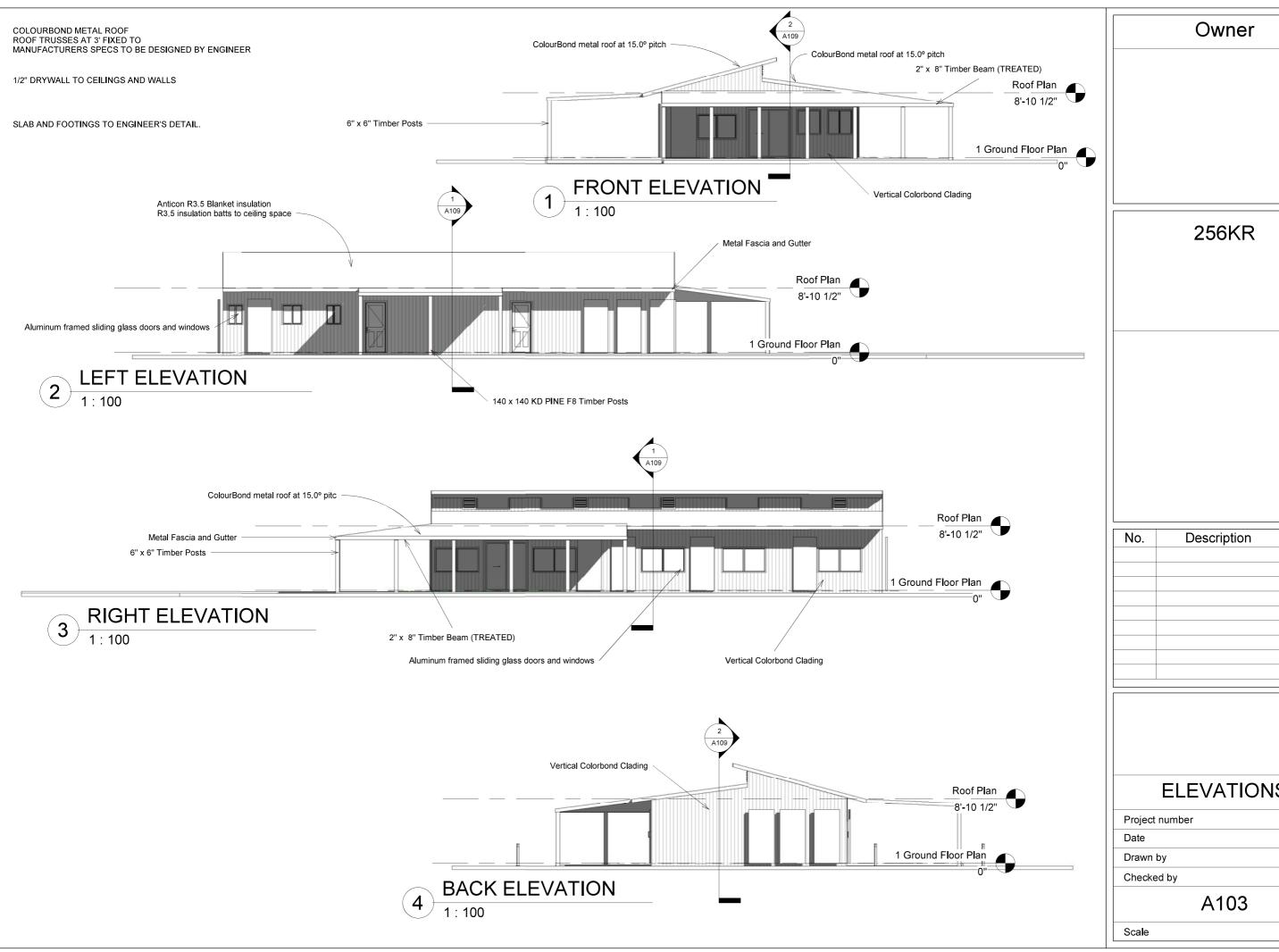
# FLOOR PLANS

Project number	0001
Date	Issue Date
Drawn by	Author
Checked by	Checker
A102	

Scale

23/07/2020 11:35:26 AM

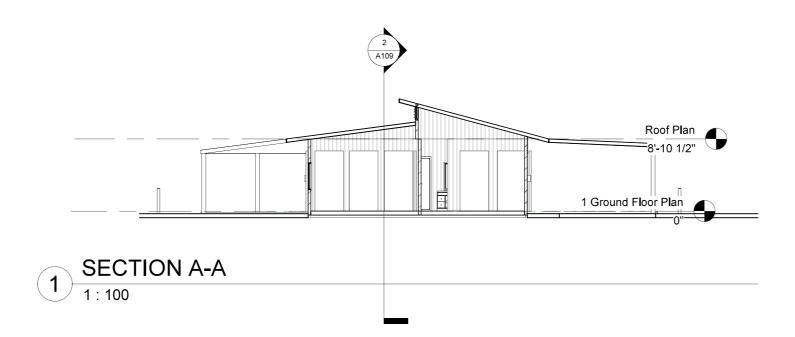
1:100

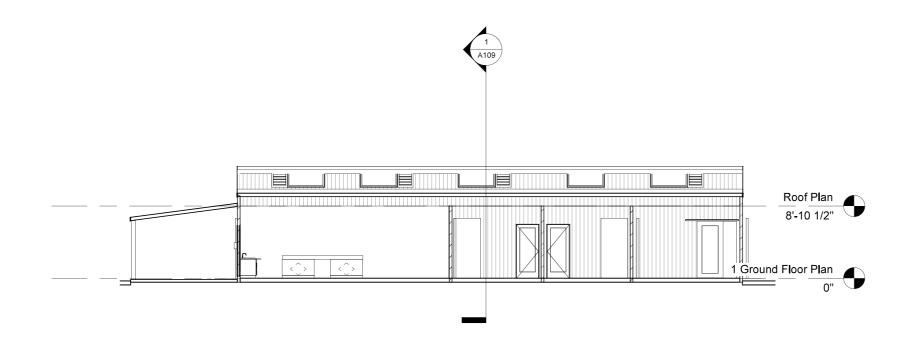


Date

**ELEVATIONS** 

0001 Issue Date Author Checker 1:100





2 SECTION B-B 1:100

	Owner
1	

No.	Description	Date

SECTION	PLAN
Project number	
Date	Issue

Scale

Date	Issue Date
Drawn by	Author
Checked by	Checker
A109	

1:100

0001

Door Schedule				
Mark	Туре	Type Mark	Height	Width
110	820 x 2100mm	44	6'-10 1/2"	2'-8 1/2"
1	820 x 2000mm 2	41	6'-6 1/2"	2'-8 1/2"
2	820 x 2000mm 2	41	6'-6 1/2"	2'-8 1/2"
3	820 x 2000mm 2	41	6'-6 1/2"	2'-8 1/2"
115	0770 x 2134mm 2	42	7'-0"	2'-6"
5	0770 x 2134mm 2	42	7'-0"	2'-6"
136	single_panel_sliding_door_whafele_hrdw_parametric_2010	43	7'-0"	3'-0"
131	68" x 80" custom	50	6'-8"	5'-8"
6	68" x 80" custom	50	6'-8"	5'-8"
7	820 x 2100mm	44	6'-10 1/2"	2'-8 1/2"
8	4x1000	46	7'-8"	4'-11"
9	0720 x 2032mm 2	47	6'-8"	2'-4 1/2"

Window Schedule						
Mark Type Mark Height Width						
94	51	3'-3 1/2"	5'-11"			
1	51	3'-3 1/2"	5'-11"			
2	51	3'-3 1/2"	5'-11"			
3	51	3'-3 1/2"	5'-11"			
4	51	3'-3 1/2"	5'-11"			
92	46	3'-3 1/2"	3'-3 1/2"			
5	46	3'-3 1/2"	3'-3 1/2"			
93	50	3'-3 1/2"	5'-3"			
82	45	2'-7 1/2"	1'-11 1/2"			
6	45	2'-7 1/2"	1'-11 1/2"			
7	27	2'-7 1/2"	2'-7 1/2"			
97	54	1'-7 1/2"	1'-7 1/2"			
11	14	1'-11"	4'-7"			
15	14	1'-11"	4'-7"			
16	54	1'-7 1/2"	1'-7 1/2"			
17	14	1'-11"	4'-7"			
18	54	1'-7 1/2"	1'-7 1/2"			
19	14	1'-11"	4'-7"			
20	54	1'-7 1/2"	1'-7 1/2"			
21	14	1'-11"	4'-7"			

า	Owner
2"	
2"	

256K	KR.	

No.	Description	Date

WINDOWS &	DOORS
Proiect number	0001

Project number	0001
Date	Issue Date
Drawn by	Author
Checked by	Checker
A104	

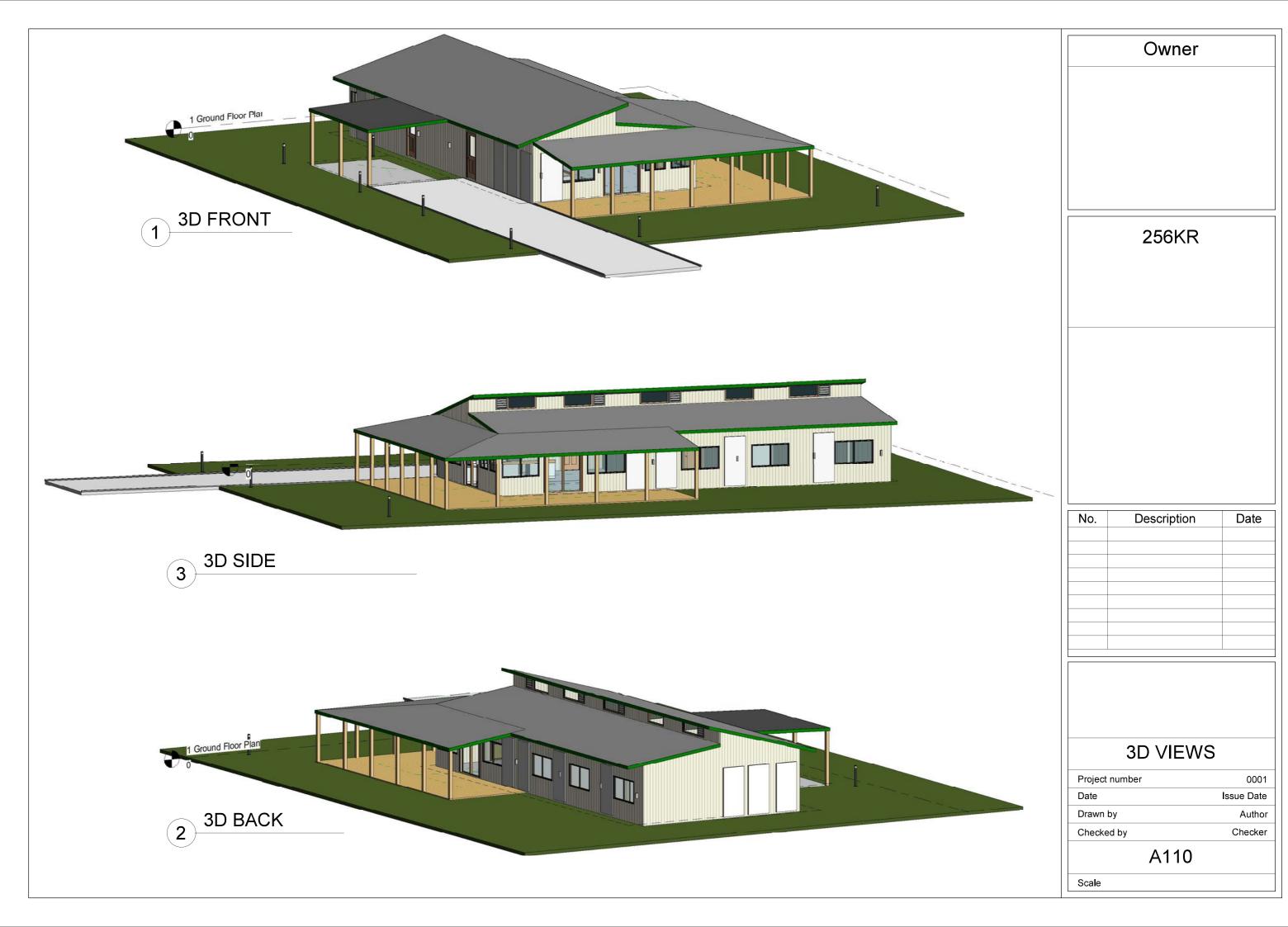
Scale

		1 A109		BEAM	OVER		
<u>\langle 51\rangle</u>	<u>(51)</u> 		51	<u>131</u>	51		©
BED 1 136 136 1	BED 2	BED 3	LOI	JNG/DINING		46	BEAM OVER
ENS BATH	9 5 115 WC L'DRY	PLAY AREA	7	KITCHEN		50)	50
45 27	45	CARPORT					

WINDOWS & DOORS

1:100

1:100



23/07/2020 11:26:42 AM

#### **CONSTRUCTION NOTES**

- 1. EXTERNAL WALLS = 90mm
- 2. INTERNAL WALLS = 90mm
- 2. N2 WIND DESIGN SPEED 3. ALL INTERNAL DOORS 2040 HT
- 4. WC DOOR EXTERNAL REMOVABLE HINGES

LEGEND
CJ: CONSTRUCTION JOINT
DP: DOWNPIPE

FP: FIRE PLACE FW: FLOOR WASTE

EPS: EXPANDED POLYSTYRENE FOAM (EPS) Sandwiched

HWS: HOT WATER SYSTEM

AC: AIR CONDITIONING

PS: PLUMBING STACK / DUCT

SP: STEEL POST T.B.C.: TO BE CONFIRMED

RL: RELATIVE LEVEL

AHD: AUSTRALIAN HEIGHT DATUM

CSD: CAVITY SLIDING DOOR OHC: OVER HEAD CUPBOARD

FG: FIXED GLASS FSR: FLOOR SPACE RATIO LB: LOAD BEARING

NGL: NATURAL GROUND LINE

UBO: UNDER BENCH OVEN

WO: WALL OVEN

DW: DISHWASHER MW: MICROWAVE WM: WASHING MACHINE

WIR: WALK-IN-ROBE

ASD: SLIDING GLASS DOOR

ASW: ALUMINIUM SLIDING WINDOW

ADH: ALUM. DOUBLE HUNG WINDOW AAW: ALUM. AWNING WINDOW

ALW: ALUM. LOUVRE WINDOW BCA: BUILDING CODE OF AUSTRALIA

AS: AUSTRALIAN STANDARDS

#### **ENERGY EFFICIENCY NOTES:**

1. ALL SHOWER ROSES TO BE 'AAA' SHOWER ROSES 2. IF WATER PRESSURE TO BUILDING EXCEEDS 500 kpa. PRESSURE LIMITING DEVICE TO BE INSTALLED.

3. MINIMW 4-STAR WELS RATED TOILETS TO BE INSTALLED.

4. MINIMW 3-STAR WELS RATED TAP'WARE FOR

5. KITCHEN SINKS, BATHROOM BASINS & LAUNDRY TROUGHS.

6. 250 LITRE RHEEM HOT WATER SYSTEM (OR SIMILAR)

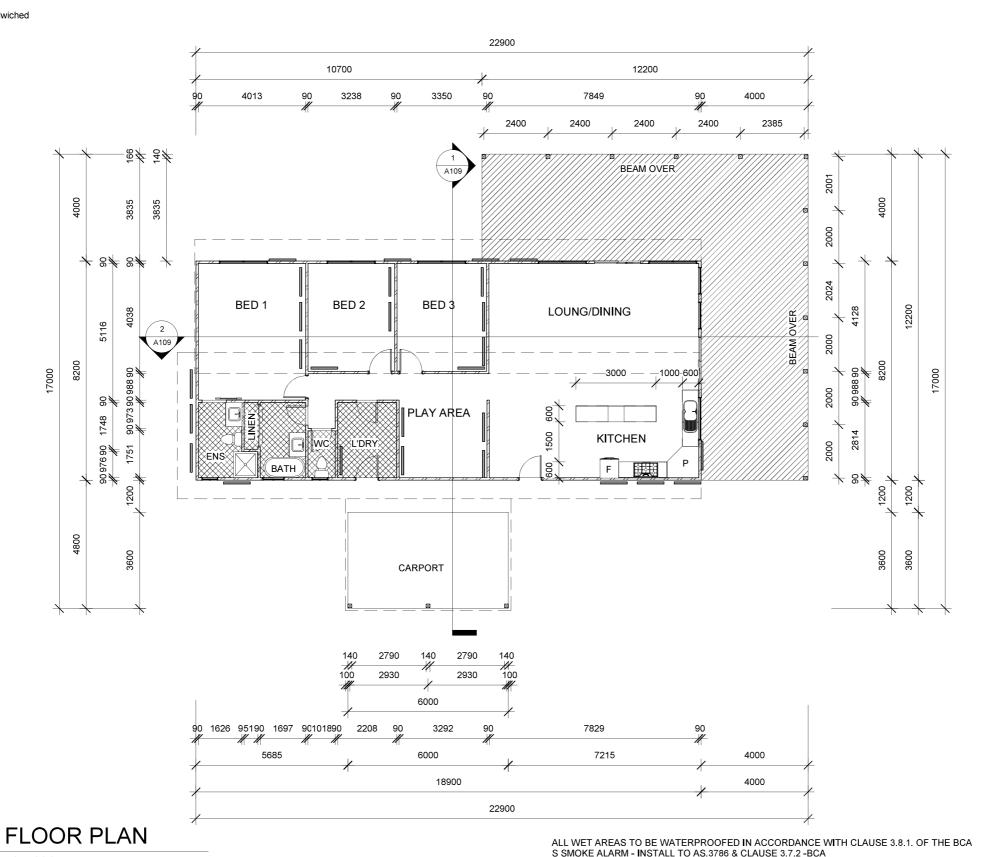
MINIMUM 4-STAR MEPS RATED AIR CONDITIONERS TO BE INSTALLED (IF APPLICABLE)
 8. 80% TOTAL ENCLOSED FLOOR AREA TO HAVE ENERGY EFFICIENT GLOBES INSTALLED.

9. INSULATION ABOVE 3.3 R VALUE TO ALL CEILING SPACE INCLUDING TERRACE & FRONT BALCONY

DO NOT SCALE PLANS, USE WRITTEN DIMENSIONS ONLY. THE OWNER/BUILDER SUBCONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS LEVELS, SETBACKS AND SPECIFICATIONS PRIOR TO COMMENCING WORKS OR ORDERING MATERIALS AND SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ENSURING THAT ALL BUILDING WORKS CONFORM TO THE BUILDING CODE OF AUSTRALIA . CURRENT STANDARDS, BUILDING REGULATIONS AND TOWN PLANNING REQUIREMENTS, REPORT ANY DISCREPANCIES TO THIS OFFICE.

ALL WORKS SHALL COMPLY WITH BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE BUILDING CODE OF AUSTRALIA AND THE AUSTRALIAN STANDARDS.

THESE PLANS SHALL BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH ANY STRUCTURAL AND CIVIL **ENGINEERING COMPUTIONS AND DRAWINGS** 



# Owner

# 256KR

AREAS LIVING AREA : 155.0 m<sup>2</sup> CARPORT AREA: 28.8 m² VERANDAH

: 265.4 m<sup>2</sup>

TOTAL AREA

Scale

No.	Description	Date

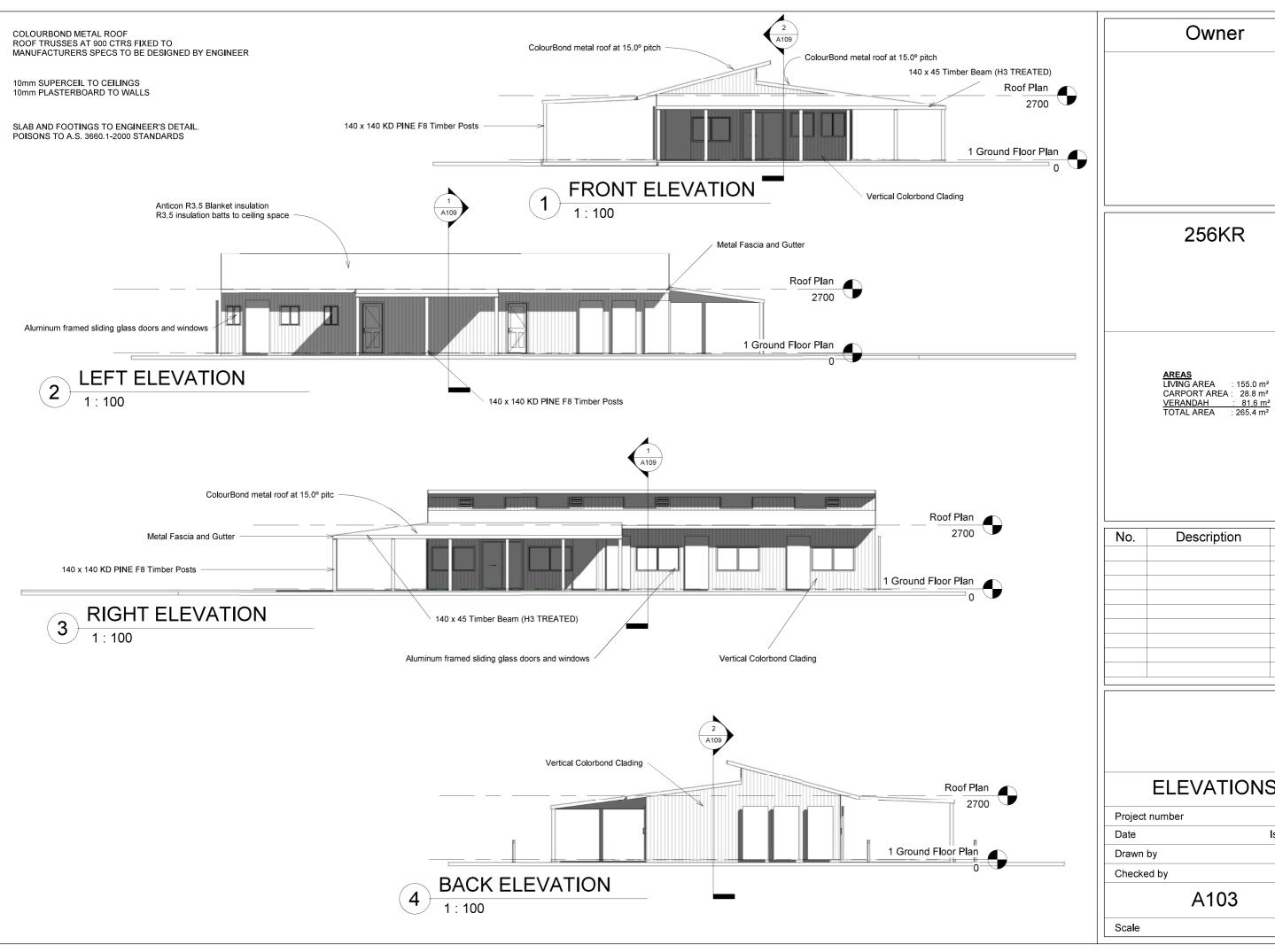
# FLOOR PLANS

Project number	0001
Date	Issue Date
Drawn by	Author
Checked by	Checker
A102	

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No.	Description	Date

# **ELEVATIONS**

Project number	0001
Date	Issue Date
Drawn by	Author
Checked by	Checker
A103	
Scale	1 : 100

	Door Schedule						
Mark	Туре	Type Mark	Height	Width			
110	820 x 2100mm	44	2100	820			
1	820 x 2000mm 2	41	2000	820			
2	820 x 2000mm 2	41	2000	820			
3	820 x 2000mm 2	41	2000	820			
115	0770 x 2134mm 2	42	2134	762			
5	0770 x 2134mm 2	42	2134	762			
136	single_panel_sliding_door_whafele_hrdw_parametric_2010	43	2134	914			
131	68" x 80" custom	50	2032	1727			
6	68" x 80" custom	50	2032	1727			
7	820 x 2100mm	44	2100	820			
8	4x1000	46	2340	1500			
9	0720 x 2032mm 2	47	2032	720			

Mark	Type Mark	Height	Width
94	51	1000	1800
1	51	1000	1800
2	51	1000	1800
3	51	1000	1800
4	51	1000	1800
92	46	1000	1000
5	46	1000	1000
93	50	1000	1600
82	45	800	600
6	45	800	600
7	27	800	800
97	54	500	500
11	14	580	1400
15	14	580	1400
16	54	500	500
17	14	580	1400
18	54	500	500
19	14	580	1400
20	54	500	500
21	14	580	1400

William Schedule				Owner		
Type Mark	Height	Width		OWITCI		
51	1000	1800				
51	1000	1800				
51	1000	1800				
51	1000	1800				
51	1000	1800				
46	1000	1000				
46	1000	1000				
50	1000	1600				
45	800	600				
45	800	600				
27	800	800				
54	500	500		256KR		
14	580	1400	2001(1)			

			1 A109		BEAM	OVER		
1	(51) 		51	51	131	51		da d
2	BED 1	BED 2	BED 3	LOUI	NG/DINING		46	OVER
A109	136	9 5		A			6	BEAM OVER
	ENS BATH	WC L'DRY	PLAY AREA	7	KITCHEN	P	50	To the state of th
	45 27	(110)						<i></i>
		CA	ARPORT					
				<del>_</del> _				

No.	Description	Date

WINDOWS &	DOORS
Project number	0001
Date	Issue Date
Drawn by	Author
Checked by	Checker
A104	

Scale

WINDOWS & DOORS

1:100

1:100

Applicant: ATTENBOROUGH

# **APPENDIX # 5**

**BASIX** 



Building Sustainability Index www.basix.nsw.gov.au

# Single Dwelling

Certificate number: 1772227S

This certificate confirms that the proposed development will meet the NSW government's requirements for sustainability, if it is built in accordance with the commitments set out below. Terms used in this certificate, or in the commitments, have the meaning given by the document entitled "BASIX Definitions" dated 10/09/2020 published by the Department. This document is available at www.basix.nsw.gov.au

### Secretary

Date of issue: Friday, 08 November 2024

To be valid, this certificate must be submitted with a development application or lodged with a complying development certificate application within 3 months of the date of issue.



Project summary		
Project name	Boyketts	
Street address	11 BOYKETTS Lane MAIMURU 25	594
Local Government Area	Hilltops Council	
Plan type and plan number	Deposited Plan DP754575	
Lot no.	229	
Section no.	-	
Project type	dwelling house (detached)	
No. of bedrooms	3	
Project score		
Water	<b>У</b> 90	Target 40
Thermal Performance	✓ Pass	Target Pass
Energy	<b>✓</b> 63	Target 61
Materials	<b>✓</b> -2	Target n/a

Name / Company Name: ANTHEA CRACK

Certificate No.: 1772227S

ABN (if applicable): 40139422086

Version: 4.03 / EUCALYPTUS 03 01 0

# **Description of project**

Project address	
Project name	Boyketts
Street address	11 BOYKETTS Lane MAIMURU 2594
Local Government Area	Hilltops Council
Plan type and plan number	Deposited Plan DP754575
Lot no.	229
Section no.	-
Project type	
Project type	dwelling house (detached)
No. of bedrooms	3
Site details	
Site area (m²)	83500
Roof area (m²)	149
Conditioned floor area (m²)	129.0
Unconditioned floor area (m²)	20.0
Total area of garden and lawn (m²)	200
Roof area of the existing dwelling (m²)	0

Assessor details and thermal loads					
Assessor number	n/a				
Certificate number	n/a				
Climate zone	n/a				
Area adjusted cooling load (MJ/m².year)	n/a				
Area adjusted heating load (MJ/m².year)	n/a				
Project score					
Water	<b>✓</b> 90	Target 40			
Thermal Performance	✓ Pass	Target Pass			
Energy	✓ 63	Target 61			
Materials	<b>✓</b> -2	Target n/a			

BASIX

Version: 4.03 / EUCALYPTUS\_03\_01\_0

## **Schedule of BASIX commitments**

The commitments set out below regulate how the proposed development is to be carried out. It is a condition of any development consent granted, or complying development certificate issued, for the proposed development, that BASIX commitments be complied with.

Water Commitments	Show on DA plans	Show on CC/CDC plans & specs	Certifier check
Fixtures			
The applicant must install showerheads with a minimum rating of 4 star (> 6 but <= 7.5 L/min plus spray force and/or coverage tests) in all showers in the development.		~	~
The applicant must install a toilet flushing system with a minimum rating of 4 star in each toilet in the development.		~	V
The applicant must install taps with a minimum rating of 4 star in the kitchen in the development.		~	
The applicant must install basin taps with a minimum rating of 4 star in each bathroom in the development.		~	
Alternative water			
Rainwater tank			
The applicant must install a rainwater tank of at least 60000 litres on the site. This rainwater tank must meet, and be installed in accordance with, the requirements of all applicable regulatory authorities.	~	~	V
The applicant must configure the rainwater tank to collect rain runoff from at least 288 square metres of the roof area of the development (excluding the area of the roof which drains to any stormwater tank or private dam).		~	~
The applicant must connect the rainwater tank to:			
all toilets in the development		<b>~</b>	-
the cold water tap that supplies each clothes washer in the development		~	V
<ul> <li>at least one outdoor tap in the development (Note: NSW Health does not recommend that rainwater be used for human consumption in areas with potable water supply.)</li> </ul>		<b>~</b>	V
all hot water systems in the development			

Version: 4.03 / EUCALYPTUS\_03\_01\_0

Department of Planning, Housing and Infrastructure

BASIX

Certificate No.: 1772227S

DA plans	plans & specs	check
	~	~
	DA piano	→ Prairie di opeoce

BASIX

Certificate No.: 1772227S

Thermal Performance and Materials commitments	Show on DA plans	Show on CC/CDC plans & specs	Certifier check
Do-it-yourself Method			
General features	=-		
The dwelling must be a Class 1 dwelling according to the National Construction Code, and must not have more than 2 storeys.	~	~	~
The conditioned floor area of the dwelling must not exceed 300 square metres.	~	~	~
The dwelling must not contain open mezzanine area exceeding 25 square metres.	~	~	~
The dwelling must not contain third level habitable attic room.	~	~	~
Floor, walls and ceiling/roof			
The applicant must construct the floor(s), walls, and ceiling/roof of the dwelling in accordance with the specifications listed in the table below.	~	~	~
The applicant must adopt one of the options listed in the tables below to address thermal bridging in metal framed floor(s), walls and ceiling/roof of the dwelling.	~	~	~
The applicant must show through receipts that the materials purchased for construction are consistent with the specifications listed in the tables below.			~

Construction	Area - m²	Additional insulation required	Options to address thermal bridging	Other specifications
floor - concrete slab on ground, waffle pod slab.	149	nil;not specified	nil	
external wall: framed (fibre cement sheet or boards); frame: timber - H2 treated softwood.	all external walls	3.50 (or 4.00 including construction);fibreglass batts or roll + reflective foil in the cavity	nil	wall colour: Medium (solar absorptance 0.48-0.7)
internal wall: plasterboard; frame: timber - H2 treated softwood.	61.6	none	nil	

Department of Planning, Housing and Infrastructure

BASIX

Construction	Area - m²	Additional insulation required	Options to address thermal bridging	Other specifications
ceiling and roof - raked ceiling / pitched or skillion roof, framed - metal roof, timber - H2 treated softwood.	149	ceiling: 5.5 (up), roof: foil backed blanket ;ceiling: fibreglass batts or roll; roof: foil backed blanket.	nil	roof colour: dark (solar absorptance 0.71-0.79); ceiling area fully insulated

Note	Insulation specified in this Certificate must be installed in accordance with the ABCB Housing Provisions (Part 13.2.2) of the National Construction Code.		
Note	• If the additional ceiling insulation listed in the table above is greater than R3.0, refer to the ABCB Housing Provisions (Part 13.2.3 (6)) of the National Construction Code.		
Note	Note • In some climate zones, insulation should be installed with due consideration of condensation and associated interaction with adjoining building materials.		
Note	Roof space ventilation needs to meet the condensation management provisions in the ABCB Housing Provisions of the National Construction Code.		
Note	Thermal breaks must be installed in metal framed walls and applicable roofs in accordance with the ABCB Housing Provisions of the National Construction Code.		

BASIX

page 6/12

Thermal Performance and Materials commitments	Show on DA plans	Show on CC/CDC plans & specs	Certifier check
Glazed windows, doors and skylights			
The applicant must install the windows, glazed doors and shading devices described in the table below, in accordance with the specifications listed in the table. Relevant overshadowing specifications must be satisfied for each glazed window and door.	~	~	~
The dwelling may have 1 skylight (<0.7 square metres) which is not listed in the table.	~	V	~
The following requirements must also be satisfied in relation to each window and glazed door:	~	~	~
• The applicant must install windows and glazed doors in accordance with the height and width, frame and glazing types listed in the table.	~	V	~
• Each window and glazed door must have a U- value no greater than that listed and a Solar Heat Gain Coefficient (SHGC) within the range listed. Total system U values and SHGC must be calculated in accordance with National Fenestration Rating Council (NFRC) conditions.		~	~
The applicant must install the skylights described in the table below, in accordance with the specifications listed in the table. Total skylight area must not exceed 3 square metres (the 3 square metre limit does not include the optional additional skylight of less than 0.7 square metres that does not have to be listed in the table).	~	~	~

Glazed window/door no.	Maximum height (mm)	Maximum width (mm)	Frame and glass specification	Shading device (Dimension within 10%)	Overshadowing		
East facing							
W01	1000.00	1800.00	aluminium, single glazed (U-value: <=3.5, SHGC: >0.74)	eave 750 mm, 900 mm above head of window or glazed door	not overshadowed		
W02	1000.00	1800.00	aluminium, single glazed (U-value: <=3.5, SHGC: >0.74)	eave 750 mm, 900 mm above head of window or glazed door	not overshadowed		
W03	1000.00	1800.00	aluminium, single glazed (U-value: <=3.5, SHGC: >0.74)	eave 750 mm, 900 mm above head of window or glazed door	not overshadowed		
W04	2032.00	1727.00	aluminium, single glazed (U-value: <=3.5, SHGC: >0.74)	verandah 4000 mm, 3000 mm above base of window or glazed door	not overshadowed		

Department of Planning, Housing and Infrastructure

BASIX

Certificate No.: 1772227S

Glazed window/door no.	Maximum height (mm)	Maximum width (mm)	Frame and glass specification	Shading device (Dimension within 10%)	Overshadowing
W05	1000.00	1800.00	aluminium, single glazed (U-value: <=3.5, SHGC: >0.74)	verandah 4000 mm, 1000 mm above base of window or glazed door	not overshadowed
W13	1000.00	1800.00	aluminium, single glazed (U-value: <=3.5, SHGC: >0.74)	verandah 4000 mm, 1000 mm above base of window or glazed door	not overshadowed
W14	580.00	1900.00	aluminium, single glazed (U-value: <=3.5, SHGC: >0.74)	eave 700 mm, 200 mm above head of window or glazed door	not overshadowed
W15	580.00	1900.00	aluminium, single glazed (U-value: <=3.5, SHGC: >0.74)	eave 700 mm, 200 mm above head of window or glazed door	not overshadowed
W16	580.00	1900.00	aluminium, single glazed (U-value: <=3.5, SHGC: >0.74)	eave 700 mm, 200 mm above head of window or glazed door	not overshadowed
W17	580.00	1900.00	aluminium, single glazed (U-value: <=3.5, SHGC: >0.74)	eave 700 mm, 200 mm above head of window or glazed door	not overshadowed
W18	580.00	1400.00	aluminium, single glazed (U-value: <=3.5, SHGC: >0.74)	eave 700 mm, 200 mm above head of window or glazed door	not overshadowed
South facing					
W06	1000.00	1000.00	aluminium, single glazed (U-value: <=3.5, SHGC: >0.74)	verandah 4000 mm, 1000 mm above base of window or glazed door	not overshadowed
W07	1000.00	1000.00	aluminium, single glazed (U-value: <=3.5, SHGC: >0.74)	verandah 4000 mm, 1000 mm above base of window or glazed door	not overshadowed
W08	2032.00	1724.00	aluminium, single glazed (U-value: <=3.5, SHGC: >0.74)	verandah 4000 mm, 3000 mm above base of window or glazed door	not overshadowed
W09	1000.00	1600.00	aluminium, single glazed (U-value: <=3.5, SHGC: >0.74)	verandah 4000 mm, 1000 mm above base of window or glazed door	not overshadowed

BASIX

Certificate No.: 1772227S

Glazed window/door no.	Maximum height (mm)	Maximum width (mm)	Frame and glass specification	Shading device (Dimension within 10%)	Overshadowing	
West facing						
W10	800.00	600.00	aluminium, single glazed (U-value: <=3.5, SHGC: >0.74)	eave 750 mm, 900 mm above head of window or glazed door	not overshadowed	
W11	800.00	800.00	aluminium, single glazed (U-value: <=3.5, SHGC: >0.74)	eave 750 mm, 900 mm above head of window or glazed door	not overshadowed	
W12	800.00	600.00	aluminium, single glazed (U-value: <=3.5, SHGC: >0.74)	eave 750 mm, 900 mm above head of window or glazed door	not overshadowed	

BASIX

Energy Commitments	Show on DA plans	Show on CC/CDC plans & specs	Certifier check
Hot water	*		
The applicant must install the following hot water system in the development, or a system with a higher energy rating: gas instantaneous with a performance of 5.5 stars.	~	~	~
Cooling system	·		
The applicant must install the following cooling system, or a system with a higher energy rating, in at least 1 living area: 3-phase airconditioning; Energy rating: EER 3.0 - 3.5		~	~
The applicant must install the following cooling system, or a system with a higher energy rating, in at least 1 bedroom: 3-phase airconditioning; Energy rating: EER 3.0 - 3.5		>	7
Heating system			
The applicant must install the following heating system, or a system with a higher energy rating, in at least 1 living area: 3-phase airconditioning; Energy rating: EER 3.0 - 3.5		~	~
The applicant must install the following heating system, or a system with a higher energy rating, in at least 1 bedroom: 3-phase airconditioning; Energy rating: EER 3.0 - 3.5		~	~
Ventilation			
The applicant must install the following exhaust systems in the development:			
At least 1 Bathroom: individual fan, ducted to façade or roof; Operation control: manual switch on/off		-	-
Kitchen: individual fan, ducted to façade or roof; Operation control: manual switch on/off		<b>~</b>	~
Laundry: individual fan, ducted to façade or roof; Operation control: manual switch on/off		<b>~</b>	~
Artificial lighting			
The applicant must ensure that a minimum of 80% of light fixtures are fitted with fluorescent, compact fluorescent, or light-emitting-diode (LED) lamps.		~	~
Natural lighting			
The applicant must install a window and/or skylight in the kitchen of the dwelling for natural lighting.	~	~	~

Department of Planning, Housing and Infrastructure

Certificate No.: 1772227S

Energy Commitments	Show on DA plans	Show on CC/CDC plans & specs	Certifier check
The applicant must install a window and/or skylight in 4 bathroom(s)/toilet(s) in the development for natural lighting.	~	>	~
Other			
The applicant must install a gas cooktop & electric oven in the kitchen of the dwelling.		~	
The applicant must install a fixed outdoor clothes drying line as part of the development.		~	

BASIX

### Legend

BASIX

In these commitments, "applicant" means the person carrying out the development.

Commitments identified with a in the "Show on DA plans" column must be shown on the plans accompanying the development application for the proposed development (if a development application is to be lodged for the proposed development).

Commitments identified with a in the "Show on CC/CDC plans and specs" column must be shown in the plans and specifications accompanying the application for a construction certificate / complying development certificate for the proposed development.

Commitments identified with a in the "Certifier check" column must be certified by a certifying authority as having been fulfilled, before a final occupation certificate (either interim or final) for the development may be issued.

Department of Planning, Housing and www.basix.nsw.gov.au Version: 4.03 / EUCALYPTUS\_03\_01\_0 Certificate No.: 1772227S Friday, 08 November 2024 page 12/12 Infrastructure

**APPENDIX #6** 

**AHIMS SEARCH** 

**BMAT SEARCH** 



Kenneth Filmer Date: 15 January 2025

18 Pineview Cct 91 Boorowa Street Young

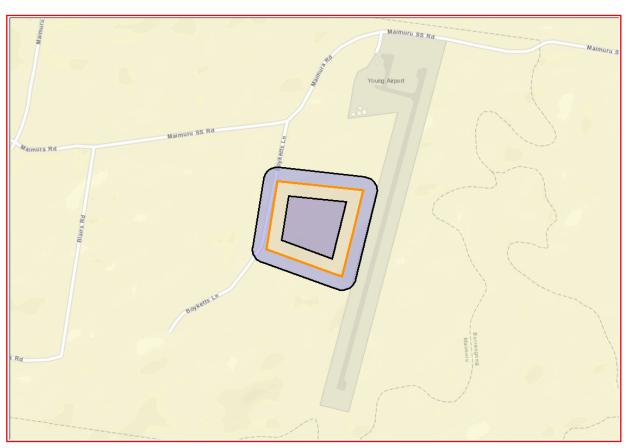
Young New South Wales 2594

Attention: Kenneth Filmer Email: craig@dabusters.com

Dear Sir or Madam:

AHIMS Web Service search for the following area at Lot: 229, DP:DP754575, Section: - with a Buffer of 50 meters, conducted by Kenneth Filmer on 15 January 2025.

The context area of your search is shown in the map below. Please note that the map does not accurately display the exact boundaries of the search as defined in the paragraph above. The map is to be used for general reference purposes only.



A search of Heritage NSW AHIMS Web Services (Aboriginal Heritage Information Management System) has shown that:

0 Aboriginal places have been declared in or near the above location.\*

### If your search shows Aboriginal sites or places what should you do?

- You must do an extensive search if AHIMS has shown that there are Aboriginal sites or places recorded in the search area.
- If you are checking AHIMS as a part of your due diligence, refer to the next steps of the Due Diligence Code of practice.
- You can get further information about Aboriginal places by looking at the gazettal notice that declared it.
   Aboriginal places gazetted after 2001 are available on the NSW Government Gazette
   (https://www.legislation.nsw.gov.au/gazette) website. Gazettal notices published prior to 2001 can be
   obtained from Heritage NSW upon request

#### Important information about your AHIMS search

- The information derived from the AHIMS search is only to be used for the purpose for which it was requested. It is not be made available to the public.
- AHIMS records information about Aboriginal sites that have been provided to Heritage NSW and Aboriginal places that have been declared by the Minister;
- Information recorded on AHIMS may vary in its accuracy and may not be up to date. Location details are recorded as grid references and it is important to note that there may be errors or omissions in these recordings,
- Some parts of New South Wales have not been investigated in detail and there may be fewer records of Aboriginal sites in those areas. These areas may contain Aboriginal sites which are not recorded on AHIMS.
- Aboriginal objects are protected under the National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974 even if they are not recorded as a site on AHIMS.
- This search can form part of your due diligence and remains valid for 12 months.



# Department of Planning and Environment

# Biodiversity Values Map and Threshold Report

This report is generated using the Biodiversity Values Map and Threshold (BMAT) tool. The BMAT tool is used by proponents to supply evidence to your local council to determine whether or not a Biodiversity Development Assessment Report (BDAR) is required under the Biodiversity Conservation Regulation 2017 (Cl. 7.2 & 7.3).

The report provides results for the proposed development footprint area identified by the user and displayed within the blue boundary on the map.

There are two pathways for determining whether a BDAR is required for the proposed development:

- 1. Is there Biodiversity Values Mapping?
- 2. Is the 'clearing of native vegetation area threshold' exceeded?

# Biodiversity Values Map and Threshold Report

Date	e of Report Generation	15/01/2025 1:06 PM				
1. Biodiversity Values (BV) Map - Results Summary (Biodiversity Conservation Regulation Section 7.3)						
1.1	Does the development Footprint intersect with BV mapping?	no				
1.2	Was <u>ALL</u> BV Mapping within the development footprinted added in the last 90 days? (dark purple mapping only, no light purple mapping present)	no				
1.3	Date of expiry of dark purple 90 day mapping	N/A				
1.4	Is the Biodiversity Values Map threshold exceeded?	no				
2. A	2. Area Clearing Threshold - Results Summary (Biodiversity Conservation Regulation Section 7.2)					
2.1	Size of the development or clearing footprint	575.7 sqm				
2.2	Native Vegetation Area Clearing Estimate (NVACE) (within development/clearing footprint)	0.0 sqm				
2.3	Method for determining Minimum Lot Size	LEP				
2.4	Minimum Lot Size (10,000sqm = 1ha)	240,000 sqm				
2.5	Area Clearing Threshold (10,000sqm = 1ha)	5,000 sqm				
2.6	Does the estimate exceed the Area Clearing Threshold?  (NVACE results are an estimate and can be reviewed using the Guidance)	no				
pro	PORT RESULT: Is the Biodiversity Offset Scheme (BOS) Threshold exceeded for the posed development footprint area?  ur local council will determine if a BDAR is required)	no				



## Department of Planning and Environment

# What do I do with this report?

- If the result above indicates the BOS Threshold has been exceeded, your local council may require a Biodiversity Development Assessment Report with your development application. Seek further advice from Council. An accredited assessor can apply the Biodiversity Assessment Method and prepare a BDAR for you. For a list of accredited assessors go to: https://customer.lmbc.nsw.gov.au/assessment/AccreditedAssessor.
- If the result above indicates the BOS Threshold <u>has not been exceeded</u>, you may not require a Biodiversity Development Assessment Report. This BMAT report can be provided to Council to support your development application. Council can advise how the area clearing threshold results should be considered. Council will review these results and make a determination if a BDAR is required. Council may ask you to review the area clearing threshold results. You may also be required to assess whether the development is "likely to significantly affect threatened species" as determined under the test in Section 7.3 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*.
- If a BDAR is not required by Council, you may still require a permit to clear vegetation from your local council.
- If all Biodiversity Values mapping within your development footprint was less than 90 days old, i.e. areas are displayed as dark purple on the BV map, a BDAR may not be required if your Development Application is submitted within that 90 day period. Any BV mapping less than 90 days old on this report will expire on the date provided in Line item 1.3 above.

For more detailed advice about actions required, refer to the Interpreting the evaluation report section of the <u>Biodiversity Values Map Threshold Tool User Guide</u>.

# **Review Options:**

- If you believe the Biodiversity Values mapping is incorrect please refer to our <u>BV Map Review webpage</u> for further information.
- If you or Council disagree with the area clearing threshold estimate results from the NVACE in Line Item 2.6 above (i.e. area of Native Vegetation within the Development footprint proposed to be cleared), review the results using the Guide for reviewing area clearing threshold results from the BMAT Tool.

# Acknowledgement

I, as the applicant for this development, submit that I have correctly depicted the area that will be impacted or likely to be impacted as a result of the proposed development.

Signature:	Date:
(Typing your name in the signature field will be considered as your signature for the purposes of this form)	15/01/2025 01:06 PM



# Department of Planning and Environment

## Biodiversity Values Map and Threshold Tool

The Biodiversity Values (BV) Map and Threshold Tool identifies land with high biodiversity value, particularly sensitive to impacts from development and clearing.

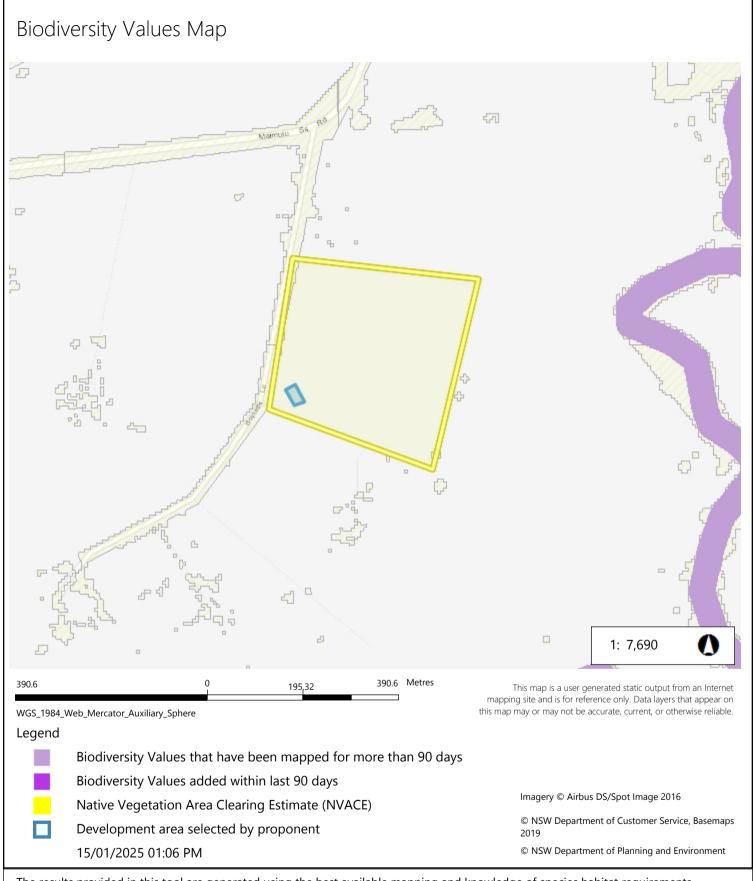
The BV map forms part of the Biodiversity Offsets Scheme threshold, which is one of the factors for determining whether the Scheme applies to a clearing or development proposal. You have used the Threshold Tool in the map viewer to generate this BV Threshold Report for your nominated area. This report calculates results for your proposed development footprint and indicates whether Council may require you to engage an accredited assessor to prepare a Biodiversity Development Assessment Report (BDAR) for your development.

This report may be used as evidence for development applications submitted to councils. You may also use this report when considering native vegetation clearing under the State Environmental Planning Policy (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021 - Chapter 2 vegetation in non-rural areas.

What's new? For more information about the latest updates to the Biodiversity Values Map and Threshold Tool go to the updates section on the Biodiversity Values Map webpage.

Map Review: Landholders can request a review of the BV Map where they consider there is an error in the mapping on their property. For more information about the map review process and an application form for a review go to the <u>Biodiversity Values Map Review webpage</u>.

If you need help using this map tool see our <u>Biodiversity Values Map and Threshold Tool User Guide</u> or contact the Map Review Team at <u>map.review@environment.nsw.gov.au</u> or on 1800 001 490.



The results provided in this tool are generated using the best available mapping and knowledge of species habitat requirements.

This map is valid as at the date the report was generated. Checking the <u>Biodiversity Values Map viewer</u> for mapping updates is recommended.